

<b>Mathematics for Computer Science</b>		Semester	3
Course Code	<b>BCS301</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 20 Hours Tutorial	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	<b>Theory</b>		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b> This course will enable the students to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. To introduce the concept of random variables, probability distributions, specific discrete and continuous distributions with practical application in Computer Science Engineering and social life situations.</li> <li>2. To Provide the principles of statistical inferences and the basics of hypothesis testing with emphasis on some commonly encountered hypotheses.</li> <li>3. To Determine whether an input has a statistically significant effect on the system's response through ANOVA testing.</li> </ol>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>  <b>Pedagogy (General Instructions):</b>            Teachers can use the following strategies to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied Mathematical skills.</li> <li>2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.</li> <li>3. Support and guide the students for self-study.</li> <li>4. You will assign homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.</li> <li>5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.</li> <li>6. Show short related video lectures in the following ways:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).</li> <li>• As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).</li> <li>• As additional examples (post-lecture activity).</li> <li>• As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).</li> <li>• As a model solution of some exercises (post-lecture activity).</li> </ul> </li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1: Probability Distributions</b>			
<p><b>Probability Distributions:</b> Review of basic probability theory. Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability mass and density functions. Mathematical expectation, mean and variance. Binomial, Poisson and normal distributions- problems (derivations for mean and standard deviation for Binomial and Poisson distributions only)-Illustrative examples. Exponential distribution. <b>(12 Hours)</b>  <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b></p>			
<b>Pedagogy</b>	Chalk and Board, Problem-based learning		
<b>Module-2: Joint probability distribution &amp; Markov Chain</b>			

	<p><b>Joint probability distribution:</b> Joint Probability distribution for two discrete random variables, expectation, covariance and correlation.</p> <p><b>Markov Chain:</b> Introduction to Stochastic Process, Probability Vectors, Stochastic matrices, Regular stochastic matrices, Markov chains, Higher transition probabilities, Stationary distribution of Regular Markov chains and absorbing states. <b>(12 Hours)</b> <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b></p>
<b>Pedagogy</b>	Chalk and Board, Problem-based learning
<b>Module-3: Statistical Inference 1</b>	
	<p>Introduction, sampling distribution, standard error, testing of hypothesis, levels of significance, test of significances, confidence limits, simple sampling of attributes, test of significance for large samples, comparison of large samples. <b>(12 Hours)</b> <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b></p>
<b>Pedagogy</b>	Chalk and Board, Problem-based learning
<b>Module-4: Statistical Inference 2</b>	
	<p>Sampling variables, central limit theorem and confidences limit for unknown mean. Test of Significance for means of two small samples, students 't' distribution, Chi-square distribution as a test of goodness of fit. F-Distribution. <b>(12 Hours)</b> <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b></p>
<b>Pedagogy</b>	Chalk and Board, Problem-based learning
<b>Module-5: Design of Experiments &amp; ANOVA</b>	
	<p>Principles of experimentation in design, Analysis of completely randomized design, randomized block design. The ANOVA Technique, Basic Principle of ANOVA, One-way ANOVA, Two-way ANOVA, Latin-square Design, and Analysis of Co-Variance. <b>(12 Hours)</b> <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b></p>
<b>Pedagogy</b>	Chalk and Board, Problem-based learning
<p><b>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</b> At the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Explain the basic concepts of probability, random variables, probability distribution</li> <li>2. Apply suitable probability distribution models for the given scenario.</li> <li>3. Apply the notion of a discrete-time Markov chain and n-step transition probabilities to solve the given problem</li> <li>4. Use statistical methodology and tools in the engineering problem-solving process.</li> <li>5. Compute the confidence intervals for the mean of the population.</li> <li>6. Apply the ANOVA test related to engineering problems.</li> </ol>	
<p><b>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</b> The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.</p> <p><b>Continuous Internal Evaluation:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment</li> </ul>	

Test component, there are 25 marks.

- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

**Semester-End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by the University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

**Textbooks:**

1. **Ronald E. Walpole, Raymond H Myers, Sharon L Myers & Keying Ye** "Probability & Statistics for Engineers & Scientists", Pearson Education, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, 2017.
2. **Peter Bruce, Andrew Bruce & Peter Gedeck** "Practical Statistics for Data Scientists" O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2<sup>nd</sup> edition **2020**.

**Reference Books: (Name of the author/Title of the Book/ Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)**

1. **Erwin Kreyszig**, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2006.
2. **B. S. Grewal** "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna publishers, 44<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2021.
3. **G Haribaskaran** "Probability, Queuing Theory & Reliability Engineering", Laxmi Publication, Latest Edition, 2006
4. **Irwin Miller & Marylees Miller**, John E. Freund's "Mathematical Statistics with Applications" Pearson. Dorling Kindersley Pvt. Ltd. India, 8<sup>th</sup> edition, 2014.
5. **S C Gupta and V K Kapoor**, "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", S Chand and Company, Latest edition.
6. **Robert V. Hogg, Joseph W. McKean & Allen T. Craig**. "Introduction to Mathematical Statistics", Pearson Education 7<sup>th</sup> edition, 2013.
7. **Jim Pitman**. Probability, Springer-Verlag, 1993.
8. **Sheldon M. Ross**, "Introduction to Probability Models" 11<sup>th</sup> edition. Elsevier, 2014.
9. **A. M. Yaglom and I. M. Yaglom**, "Probability and Information". D. Reidel Publishing Company. Distributed by Hindustan Publishing Corporation (India) Delhi, 1983.
10. **P. G. Hoel, S. C. Port and C. J. Stone**, "Introduction to Probability Theory", Universal Book Stall, (Reprint), 2003.
11. **S. Ross**, "A First Course in Probability", Pearson Education India, 6<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2002.
12. **W. Feller**, "An Introduction to Probability Theory and its Applications", Vol. 1, Wiley, 3rd

Ed., 1968.

13. **N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal**, A Textbook of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2010.

14. **Veerarajan T**, Engineering Mathematics (for semester III), Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

<http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111>

[http://www.class-central.com/subject/math\(MOOCs\)](http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs))

<http://academicearth.org/>

<http://www.bookstreet.in>.

[VTU EDUSAT PROGRAMME – 20](#)

VTU e-Shikshana Program

**Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning**

- Programming Assignment
- Seminars

<b>Digital Design and Computer Organization</b>		Semester	3
Course Code	BCS302	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 20 Hours of Practicals	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● To demonstrate the functionalities of binary logic system</li> <li>● To explain the working of combinational and sequential logic system</li> <li>● To realize the basic structure of computer system</li> <li>● To illustrate the working of I/O operations and processing unit</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>            These are sample Strategies; that teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Chalk and Talk</li> <li>2. Live Demo with experiments</li> <li>3. Power point presentation</li> </ol>			
<b>MODULE-1</b>		<b>8 Hr</b>	
<p><b>Introduction to Digital Design:</b> Binary Logic, Basic Theorems And Properties Of Boolean Algebra, Boolean Functions, Digital Logic Gates, Introduction, The Map Method, Four-Variable Map, Don't-Care Conditions, NAND and NOR Implementation, Other Hardware Description Language – Verilog Model of a simple circuit.</p> <p><b>Text book 1: 1.9, 2.4, 2.5, 2.8, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 3.6, 3.9</b></p>			
<b>MODULE-2</b>		<b>8 Hr</b>	
<p><b>Combinational Logic:</b> Introduction, Combinational Circuits, Design Procedure, Binary Adder- Subtractor, Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers. HDL Models of Combinational Circuits – Adder, Multiplexer, Encoder.  <b>Sequential Logic:</b> Introduction, Sequential Circuits, Storage Elements: Latches, Flip-Flops.</p> <p><b>Text book 1: 4.1, 4.2, 4.4, 4.5, 4.9, 4.10, 4.11, 4.12, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4.</b></p>			
<b>MODULE-3</b>		<b>8 Hr</b>	
<p><b>Basic Structure of Computers:</b> Functional Units, Basic Operational Concepts, Bus structure, Performance – Processor Clock, Basic Performance Equation, Clock Rate, Performance Measurement.  <b>Machine Instructions and Programs:</b> Memory Location and Addresses, Memory Operations, Instruction and Instruction sequencing, Addressing Modes.</p> <p><b>Text book 2: 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.6, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5</b></p>			
<b>MODULE-4</b>		<b>8 Hr</b>	
<p><b>Input/output Organization:</b> Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts – Interrupt Hardware, Enabling and Disabling Interrupts, Handling Multiple Devices, Direct Memory Access: Bus Arbitration, Speed, size and Cost of memory systems. Cache Memories – Mapping Functions.</p> <p><b>Text book 2: 4.1, 4.2.1, 4.2.2, 4.2.3, 4.4, 5.4, 5.5.1</b></p>			
<b>MODULE-5</b>		<b>8 Hr</b>	

**Basic Processing Unit:** Some Fundamental Concepts: Register Transfers, Performing ALU operations, fetching a word from Memory, Storing a word in memory. Execution of a Complete Instruction. **Pipelining:** Basic concepts, Role of Cache memory, Pipeline Performance.

**Text book 2: 7.1, 7.2, 8.1**

### PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC

Sl.N O	Experiments Simulation packages preferred: Multisim, Modelsim, PSpice or any other relevant
1	Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and simulate the same using basic gates.
2	Design a 4 bit full adder and subtractor and simulate the same using basic gates.
3	Design Verilog HDL to implement simple circuits using structural, Data flow and Behavioural model.
4	Design Verilog HDL to implement Binary Adder-Subtractor – Half and Full Adder, Half and Full Subtractor.
5	Design Verilog HDL to implement Decimal adder.
6	Design Verilog program to implement Different types of multiplexer like 2:1, 4:1 and 8:1.
7	Design Verilog program to implement types of De-Multiplexer.
8	Design Verilog program for implementing various types of Flip-Flops such as SR, JK and D.

#### Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Apply the K-Map techniques to simplify various Boolean expressions.

CO2: Design different types of combinational and sequential circuits along with Verilog programs.

CO3: Describe the fundamentals of machine instructions, addressing modes and Processor performance.

CO4: Explain the approaches involved in achieving communication between processor and I/O devices.

CO5: Analyze internal Organization of Memory and Impact of cache/Pipelining on Processor Performance.

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other

assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.

- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

#### **CIE for the practical component of the IPCC**

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (**duration 02/03 hours**) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

#### **SEE for IPCC**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

**The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.**

#### **Suggested Learning Resources:**

##### **Books**

1. M. Morris Mano & Michael D. Ciletti, Digital Design With an Introduction to Verilog Design, 5e, Pearson Education.
2. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky, Computer Organization, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.

#### **Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

<https://cse11-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/>

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

Assign the group task to Design the various types of counters and display the output accordingly

**Assessment Methods**

- Lab Assessment (25 Marks)
- GATE Based Aptitude Test



<b>OPERATING SYSTEMS</b>		Semester	3
Course Code	BCS303	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 20 hours practicals	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3
Examination nature (SEE)	<b>Theory</b>		
<b>Course objectives:</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● To Demonstrate the need for OS and different types of OS</li> <li>● To discuss suitable techniques for management of different resources</li> <li>● To demonstrate different APIs/Commands related to processor, memory, storage and file system management.</li> </ul>			
<b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>			
Teachers can use the following strategies to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.</li> <li>2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.</li> <li>3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.</li> <li>4. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.</li> <li>5. Role play for process scheduling.</li> <li>6. Demonstrate the installation of any one Linux OS on VMware/Virtual Box</li> </ol>			
<b>MODULE-1</b>		<b>8 Hours</b>	
<b>Introduction to operating systems, System structures:</b> What operating systems do; Computer System organization; Computer System architecture; Operating System structure; Operating System operations; Process management; Memory management; Storage management; Protection and Security; Distributed system; Special-purpose systems; Computing environments.			
<b>Operating System Services:</b> User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System structure; Virtual machines; Operating System debugging, Operating System generation; System boot.			
<b>Textbook 1: Chapter – 1 (1.1-1.12), 2 (2.2-2.11)</b>			
<b>MODULE-2</b>		<b>8 Hours</b>	
<b>Process Management:</b> Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes; Inter process communication			
<b>Multi-threaded Programming:</b> Overview; Multithreading models; Thread Libraries; Threading issues.			
<b>Process Scheduling:</b> Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Thread scheduling; Multiple-processor scheduling,			
<b>Textbook 1: Chapter – 3 (3.1-3.4), 4 (4.1-4.4), 5 (5.1 -5.5)</b>			
<b>MODULE-3</b>		<b>8 Hours</b>	

<p><b>Process Synchronization:</b> Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization;</p> <p><b>Deadlocks:</b> System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock.</p> <p><b>Textbook 1: Chapter – 6 (6.1-6.6), 7 (7.1 -7.7)</b></p>	
<b>MODULE-4</b>	<b>8 Hours</b>
<p><b>Memory Management:</b> Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation.</p> <p><b>Virtual Memory Management:</b> Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing.</p> <p><b>Textbook 1: Chapter -8 (8.1-8.6), 9 (9.1-9.6)</b></p>	
<b>MODULE-5</b>	<b>8 Hours</b>
<p><b>File System, Implementation of File System:</b> File system: File concept; Access methods; Directory and Disk structure; File system mounting; File sharing; <b>Implementing File system:</b> File system structure; File system implementation; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management.</p> <p><b>Secondary Storage Structure, Protection:</b> Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling; Disk management; <b>Protection:</b> Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of protection, Access matrix.</p> <p><b>Textbook 1: Chapter – 10 (10.1-10.5) ,11 (11.1-11.5),12 (12.1-12.5), 14 (14.1-14.4)</b></p>	

**PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC** *(May cover all / major modules)*

SL.N O	Experiments
1	Develop a c program to implement the Process system calls (fork (), exec(), wait(), create process, terminate process)
2	Simulate the following CPU scheduling algorithms to find turnaround time and waiting time a) FCFS b) SJF c) Round Robin d) Priority.
3	Develop a C program to simulate producer-consumer problem using semaphores.
4	Develop a C program which demonstrates interprocess communication between a reader process and a writer process. Use mkfifo, open, read, write and close APIs in your program.
5	Develop a C program to simulate Bankers Algorithm for DeadLock Avoidance.
6	Develop a C program to simulate the following contiguous memory allocation Techniques: a) Worst fit b) Best fit c) First fit.
7	Develop a C program to simulate page replacement algorithms: a) FIFO b) LRU
8	Simulate following File Organization Techniques a) Single level directory b) Two level directory
9	Develop a C program to simulate the Linked file allocation strategies.
10	Develop a C program to simulate SCAN disk scheduling algorithm.

**Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO 1. Explain the structure and functionality of operating system

CO 2. Apply appropriate CPU scheduling algorithms for the given problem.

CO 3. Analyse the various techniques for process synchronization and deadlock handling.

CO 4. Apply the various techniques for memory management

CO 5. Explain file and secondary storage management strategies.

CO 6. Describe the need for information protection mechanisms

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

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- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods

mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.

- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

#### **CIE for the practical component of the IPCC**

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (**duration 02/03 hours**) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

#### **SEE for IPCC**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

**The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.**

#### **Suggested Learning Resources:**

##### **Textbooks**

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 8th edition, Wiley-India, 2015

##### **Reference Books**

1. Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6th Edition
2. D.M Dhamdhare, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw- Hill, 2013.
3. P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.
4. William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson.

#### **Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

1. <https://youtu.be/mXw9ruZaxzQ>

2. <https://youtu.be/vBURTi97EkA>
3. [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=783KAB-tuE4&list=PLIemF3uozcAKTgsCIj82voMK3TMR0YE\\_f](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=783KAB-tuE4&list=PLIemF3uozcAKTgsCIj82voMK3TMR0YE_f)
4. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3-ITLMMeeXY&list=PL3pGy4HtqwD0n7bQfHjPnsWzkeRn6mkO>

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

- Assessment Methods
  - Case Study on Unix Based Systems (10 Marks)
  - Lab Assessment (25 Marks)

<b>DATA STRUCTURES AND APPLICATIONS</b>		Semester	3
Course Code	BCS304	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	<b>Theory</b>		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b>  CLO 1. To explain fundamentals of data structures and their applications.  CLO 2. To illustrate representation of Different data structures such as Stack, Queues, Linked Lists, Trees and Graphs.  CLO 3. To Design and Develop Solutions to problems using Linear Data Structures  CLO 4. To discuss applications of Nonlinear Data Structures in problem solving.  CLO 5. To introduce advanced Data structure concepts such as Hashing and Optimal Binary Search Trees</p>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>  Teachers can use following strategies to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Chalk and Talk with Black Board</li> <li>2. ICT based Teaching</li> <li>3. Demonstration based Teaching</li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1</b>		<b>8Hours</b>	
<p><b>INTRODUCTION TO DATA STRUCTURES:</b> Data Structures, Classifications (Primitive &amp; Non-Primitive), Data structure Operations  <b>Review of</b> pointers and dynamic Memory Allocation,  <b>ARRAYS and STRUCTURES:</b> Arrays, Dynamic Allocated Arrays, Structures and Unions, Polynomials, Sparse Matrices, representation of Multidimensional Arrays, Strings  <b>STACKS:</b> Stacks, Stacks Using Dynamic Arrays, Evaluation and conversion of Expressions  Text Book: Chapter-1:1.2 Chapter-2: 2.1 to 2.7 Chapter-3: 3.1,3.2,3.6  Reference Book 1: 1.1 to 1.4</p>			
<b>Module-2</b>		<b>8Hours</b>	
<p><b>QUEUES:</b> Queues, Circular Queues, Using Dynamic Arrays, Multiple Stacks and queues.  <b>LINKED LISTS :</b> Singly Linked, Lists and Chains, Representing Chains in C, Linked Stacks and Queues, Polynomials  Text Book: Chapter-3: 3.3, 3.4, 3.7 Chapter-4: 4.1 to 4.4</p>			
<b>Module-3</b>		<b>8Hours</b>	
<p><b>LINKED LISTS :</b> Additional List Operations, Sparse Matrices, Doubly Linked List.  <b>TREES:</b> Introduction, Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals, Threaded Binary Trees.  Text Book: Chapter-4: 4.5,4.7,4.8 Chapter-5: 5.1 to 5.3, 5.5</p>			
<b>Module-4</b>		<b>8Hours</b>	
<p><b>TREES(Cont.):</b> Binary Search trees, Selection Trees, Forests, Representation of Disjoint sets, Counting Binary Trees,  <b>GRAPHS:</b> The Graph Abstract Data Types, Elementary Graph Operations  Text Book: Chapter-5: 5.7 to 5.11 Chapter-6: 6.1, 6.2</p>			
<b>Module-5</b>		<b>8Hours</b>	

<p><b>HASHING:</b> Introduction, Static Hashing, Dynamic Hashing  <b>PRIORITY QUEUES:</b> Single and double ended Priority Queues, Leftist Trees  <b>INTRODUCTION TO EFFICIENT BINARY SEARCH TREES:</b> Optimal Binary Search Trees  Text Book: Chapter 8: 8.1 to 8.3 Chapter 9: 9.1, 9.2 Chapter 10: 10.1</p>
<p><b>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</b>  At the end of the course the student will be able to:  CO 1. Explain different data structures and their applications.  CO 2. Apply Arrays, Stacks and Queue data structures to solve the given problems.  CO 3. Use the concept of linked list in problem solving.  CO 4. Develop solutions using trees and graphs to model the real-world problem.  CO 5. Explain the advanced Data Structures concepts such as Hashing Techniques and Optimal Binary Search Trees.</p>
<p><b>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</b>  The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.</p> <p><b>Continuous Internal Evaluation:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.</li> <li>The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered</li> <li>Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.</li> <li>For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.</li> </ul> <p><b>Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.</b></p> <p><b>Semester-End Examination:</b>  Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (<b>duration 03 hours</b>).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.</li> <li>There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), <b>should have a mix of topics</b> under that module.</li> <li>The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.</li> <li>Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks</li> </ol>
<p><b>Suggested Learning Resources:</b>  <b>Textbook:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni and Susan Anderson-Freed, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, Universities Press, 2014</li> </ol>

**Reference Books:**

1. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1<sup>st</sup> Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.
2. Gilberg & Forouzan, Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, Cengage Learning, 2014.
3. Reema Thareja, Data Structures using C, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed, Oxford press, 2012.
4. Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, McGraw Hill, 2013
5. A M Tenenbaum, Data Structures using C, PHI, 1989
6. Robert Kruse, Data Structures and Program Design in C, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, PHI, 1996.

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- <http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS35.html>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105171/>
- <http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html>
- [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3Xo6P\\_V-qns&t=201s](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3Xo6P_V-qns&t=201s)
- <https://ds2-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/selection-sort/index.html>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/>
- <https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html>
- <https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html>
- <https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html>
- <https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html>
- <https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-traversal/dft-practice.html>
- [https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex\\_auth\\_01350159542807756812559/overview](https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex_auth_01350159542807756812559/overview)

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

- Role Play
- Flipped classroom
- Assessment Methods for 25 Marks (opt two Learning Activities)
  - Case Study
  - Programming Assignment
  - Gate Based Aptitude Test
  - MOOC Assignment for selected Module



<b>DATA STRUCTURES LABORATORY</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – III</b>			
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BCSL305</b>	<b>CIE Marks</b>	50
<b>Number of Contact Hours/Week</b>	0:0:2	<b>SEE Marks</b>	50
<b>Total Number of Lab Contact Hours</b>	28	<b>Exam Hours</b>	03
<b>Credits – 1</b>			
<b>Course Learning Objectives:</b>			
<p>This laboratory course enables students to get practical experience in design, develop, implement, analyze and evaluation/testing of</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Dynamic memory management</li> <li>● Linear data structures and their applications such as stacks, queues and lists</li> <li>● Non-Linear data structures and their applications such as trees and graphs</li> </ul>			
<b>Descriptions (if any):</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Implement all the programs in “C” Programming Language and Linux OS.</li> </ul>			
<b>Programs List:</b>			
1.	Develop a Program in C for the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Declare a calendar as an array of 7 elements (A dynamically Created array) to represent 7 days of a week. Each Element of the array is a structure having three fields. The first field is the name of the Day (A dynamically allocated String), The second field is the date of the Day (A integer), the third field is the description of the activity for a particular day (A dynamically allocated String).</li> <li>b) Write functions create(), read() and display(); to create the calendar, to read the data from the keyboard and to print weeks activity details report on screen.</li> </ol>		
2.	Develop a Program in C for the following operations on Strings. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Read a main String (STR), a Pattern String (PAT) and a Replace String (REP)</li> <li>b. Perform Pattern Matching Operation: Find and Replace all occurrences of PAT in STR with REP if PAT exists in STR. Report suitable messages in case PAT does not exist in STR</li> </ol> Support the program with functions for each of the above operations. Don't use Built-in functions.		
3.	Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on STACK of Integers (Array Implementation of Stack with maximum size MAX) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Push an Element on to Stack</li> <li>b. Pop an Element from Stack</li> <li>c. Demonstrate how Stack can be used to check Palindrome</li> <li>d. Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Stack</li> <li>e. Display the status of Stack</li> <li>f. Exit</li> </ol> Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations		

4.	Develop a Program in C for converting an Infix Expression to Postfix Expression. Program should support for both parenthesized and free parenthesized expressions with the operators: +, -, *, /, % (Remainder), ^ (Power) and alphanumeric operands.
5.	Develop a Program in C for the following Stack Applications <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Evaluation of Suffix expression with single digit operands and operators: +, -, *, /, %, ^</li> <li>Solving Tower of Hanoi problem with n disks</li> </ol>
6.	Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Circular QUEUE of Characters (Array Implementation of Queue with maximum size MAX) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Insert an Element on to Circular QUEUE</li> <li>Delete an Element from Circular QUEUE</li> <li>Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Circular QUEUE</li> <li>Display the status of Circular QUEUE</li> <li>Exit</li> </ol> Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations
7.	Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Singly Linked List (SLL) of Student Data with the fields: <i>USN, Name, Programme, Sem, PhNo</i> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Create a SLL of N Students Data by using <i>front insertion</i>.</li> <li>Display the status of SLL and count the number of nodes in it</li> <li>Perform Insertion / Deletion at End of SLL</li> <li>Perform Insertion / Deletion at Front of SLL(Demonstration of stack)</li> <li>Exit</li> </ol>
8.	Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Doubly Linked List (DLL) of Employee Data with the fields: <i>SSN, Name, Dept, Designation, Sal, PhNo</i> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Create a DLL of N Employees Data by using <i>end insertion</i>.</li> <li>Display the status of DLL and count the number of nodes in it</li> <li>Perform Insertion and Deletion at End of DLL</li> <li>Perform Insertion and Deletion at Front of DLL</li> <li>Demonstrate how this DLL can be used as Double Ended Queue.</li> <li>Exit</li> </ol>
9.	Develop a Program in C for the following operations on Singly Circular Linked List (SCLL) with header nodes <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Represent and Evaluate a Polynomial <math>P(x,y,z) = 6x^2y^2z - 4yz^5 + 3x^3yz + 2xy^5z - 2xyz^3</math></li> <li>Find the sum of two polynomials <math>POLY1(x,y,z)</math> and <math>POLY2(x,y,z)</math> and store the result in <math>POLYSUM(x,y,z)</math></li> </ol> Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations
10.	Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Binary Search Tree (BST) of Integers . <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Create a BST of N Integers: 6, 9, 5, 2, 8, 15, 24, 14, 7, 8, 5, 2</li> <li>Traverse the BST in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order</li> <li>Search the BST for a given element (KEY) and report the appropriate message</li> <li>Exit</li> </ol>
11.	Develop a Program in C for the following operations on Graph(G) of Cities <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix.</li> <li>Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a digraph using DFS/BFS method</li> </ol>

12.	<p>Given a File of N employee records with a set K of Keys (4-digit) which uniquely determine the records in file F. Assume that file F is maintained in memory by a Hash Table (HT) of m memory locations with L as the set of memory addresses (2-digit) of locations in HT. Let the keys in K and addresses in L are Integers. Develop a Program in C that uses Hash function <math>H: K \rightarrow L</math> as <math>H(K)=K \text{ mod } m</math> (remainder method), and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the address space L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing.</p>
<p><b>Laboratory Outcomes:</b> The student should be able to:</p>	

- Analyze various linear and non-linear data structures
- Demonstrate the working nature of different types of data structures and their applications
- Use appropriate searching and sorting algorithms for the give scenario.
- Apply the appropriate data structure for solving real world problems

**Conduct of Practical Examination:**

- Experiment distribution
  - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
  - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution (*Need to change in accordance with university regulations*)
  - c) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
  - d) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
    - i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
    - ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

<b>Object Oriented Programming with JAVA</b>		Semester	3
Course Code	BCS306A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	28 Hours of Theory + 20 Hours of Practical	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
<b>Note - Students who have undergone “ Basics of Java Programming-BPLCK105C/205C” in first year are not eligible to opt this course</b>			
<b>Course objectives:</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● To learn primitive constructs JAVA programming language.</li> <li>● To understand Object Oriented Programming Features of JAVA.</li> <li>● To gain knowledge on: packages, multithreaded programing and exceptions.</li> </ul>			
<b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>			
These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes and make Teaching –Learning more effective			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Use Online Java Compiler IDE: <a href="https://www.jdoodle.com/online-java-compiler/">https://www.jdoodle.com/online-java-compiler/</a> or any other.</li> <li>2. Demonstration of programing examples.</li> <li>3. Chalk and board, power point presentations</li> <li>4. Online material (Tutorials) and video lectures.</li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
<b>An Overview of Java:</b> Object-Oriented Programming (Two Paradigms, Abstraction, The Three OOP Principles), Using Blocks of Code, Lexical Issues (Whitespace, Identifiers, Literals, Comments, Separators, The Java Keywords).			
<b>Data Types, Variables, and Arrays:</b> The Primitive Types (Integers, Floating-Point Types, Characters, Booleans), Variables, Type Conversion and Casting, Automatic Type Promotion in Expressions, Arrays, Introducing Type Inference with Local Variables.			
<b>Operators:</b> Arithmetic Operators, Relational Operators, Boolean Logical Operators, The Assignment Operator, The ? Operator, Operator Precedence, Using Parentheses.			
<b>Control Statements:</b> Java’s Selection Statements (if, The Traditional switch), Iteration Statements (while, do-while, for, The For-Each Version of the for Loop, Local Variable Type Inference in a for Loop, Nested Loops), Jump Statements (Using break, Using continue, return).			
<b>Chapter 2, 3, 4, 5</b>			
<b>Module-2</b>			
<b>Introducing Classes:</b> Class Fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Object Reference Variables, Introducing Methods, Constructors, The this Keyword, Garbage Collection.			
<b>Methods and Classes:</b> Overloading Methods, Objects as Parameters, Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Introducing Nested and Inner Classes.			
<b>Chapter 6, 7</b>			
<b>Module-3</b>			
<b>Inheritance:</b> Inheritance Basics, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Executed, Method Overriding, Dynamic Method Dispatch, Using Abstract Classes, Using final with Inheritance, Local Variable Type Inference and Inheritance, The Object Class.			
<b>Interfaces:</b> Interfaces, Default Interface Methods, Use static Methods in an Interface, Private Interface Methods.			
<b>Chapter 8, 9</b>			

<b>Module-4</b>
<p><b>Packages:</b> Packages, Packages and Member Access, Importing Packages.</p> <p><b>Exceptions:</b> Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained Exceptions.</p> <p><b>Chapter 9, 10</b></p>
<b>Module-5</b>
<p><b>Multithreaded Programming:</b> The Java Thread Model, The Main Thread, Creating a Thread, Creating Multiple Threads, Using <code>isAlive()</code> and <code>join()</code>, Thread Priorities, Synchronization, Interthread Communication, Suspending, Resuming, and Stopping Threads, Obtaining a Thread's State.</p> <p><b>Enumerations, Type Wrappers and Autoboxing:</b> Enumerations (Enumeration Fundamentals, The <code>values()</code> and <code>valueOf()</code> Methods), Type Wrappers (Character, Boolean, The Numeric Type Wrappers), Autoboxing (Autoboxing and Methods, Autoboxing/Unboxing Occurs in Expressions, Autoboxing/Unboxing Boolean and Character Values).</p> <p><b>Chapter 11, 12</b></p>
<p><b>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</b></p> <p>At the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Demonstrate proficiency in writing simple programs involving branching and looping structures.</li> <li>2. Design a class involving data members and methods for the given scenario.</li> <li>3. Apply the concepts of inheritance and interfaces in solving real world problems.</li> <li>4. Use the concept of packages and exception handling in solving complex problem</li> <li>5. Apply concepts of multithreading, autoboxing and enumerations in program development</li> </ol>
<p><b>Programming Experiments (Suggested and are not limited to)</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Develop a JAVA program to add TWO matrices of suitable order N (The value of N should be read from command line arguments).</li> <li>2. Develop a stack class to hold a maximum of 10 integers with suitable methods. Develop a JAVA main method to illustrate Stack operations.</li> <li>3. A class called Employee, which models an employee with an ID, name and salary, is designed as shown in the following class diagram. The method <code>raiseSalary</code> (percent) increases the salary by the given percentage. Develop the Employee class and suitable main method for demonstration.</li> <li>4. A class called MyPoint, which models a 2D point with x and y coordinates, is designed as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Two instance variables x (int) and y (int).</li> <li>• A default (or "no-arg") constructor that construct a point at the default location of (0, 0).</li> <li>• A overloaded constructor that constructs a point with the given x and y coordinates.</li> <li>• A method <code>setXY()</code> to set both x and y.</li> <li>• A method <code>getXY()</code> which returns the x and y in a 2-element int array.</li> <li>• A <code>toString()</code> method that returns a string description of the instance in the format "(x, y)".</li> <li>• A method called <code>distance(int x, int y)</code> that returns the distance from this point to another point at the given (x, y) coordinates</li> <li>• An overloaded <code>distance(MyPoint another)</code> that returns the distance from this point to the given MyPoint instance (called another)</li> <li>• Another overloaded <code>distance()</code> method that returns the distance from this point to the origin (0,0)</li> </ul>           Develop the code for the class MyPoint. Also develop a JAVA program (called TestMyPoint) to test all the methods defined in the class. </li> <li>5. Develop a JAVA program to create a class named shape. Create three sub classes namely: circle, triangle and square, each class has two member functions named <code>draw ()</code> and <code>erase ()</code>. Demonstrate</li> </ol>

polymorphism concepts by developing suitable methods, defining member data and main program.

6. Develop a JAVA program to create an abstract class Shape with abstract methods calculateArea() and calculatePerimeter(). Create subclasses Circle and Triangle that extend the Shape class and implement the respective methods to calculate the area and perimeter of each shape.
7. Develop a JAVA program to create an interface Resizable with methods resizeWidth(int width) and resizeHeight(int height) that allow an object to be resized. Create a class Rectangle that implements the Resizable interface and implements the resize methods
8. Develop a JAVA program to create an outer class with a function display. Create another class inside the outer class named inner with a function called display and call the two functions in the main class.
9. Develop a JAVA program to raise a custom exception (user defined exception) for DivisionByZero using try, catch, throw and finally.
10. Develop a JAVA program to create a package named mypack and import & implement it in a suitable class.
11. Write a program to illustrate creation of threads using runnable class. (start method start each of the newly created thread. Inside the run method there is sleep() for suspend the thread for 500 milliseconds).
12. Develop a program to create a class MyThread in this class a constructor, call the base class constructor, using super and start the thread. The run method of the class starts after this. It can be observed that both main thread and created child thread are executed concurrently.

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

**CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)**

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

**CIE for the practical component of the IPCC**

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (**duration 02/03 hours**) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

**SEE for IPCC**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

**The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.**

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

**Textbook**

1. Java: The Complete Reference, Twelfth Edition, by Herbert Schildt, November 2021, McGraw-Hill, ISBN: 9781260463422

**Reference Books**

1. Programming with Java, 6th Edition, by E Balagurusamy, Mar-2019, McGraw Hill Education, ISBN: 9789353162337.
2. Thinking in Java, Fourth Edition, by Bruce Eckel, Prentice Hall, 2006 ([https://sd.blackball.lv/library/thinking\\_in\\_java\\_4th\\_edition.pdf](https://sd.blackball.lv/library/thinking_in_java_4th_edition.pdf))

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- Java Tutorial: <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/java/>
- Introduction To Programming In Java (by Evan Jones, Adam Marcus and Eugene Wu): <https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/6-092-introduction-to-programming-in-java-january-iap-2010/>
- Java Tutorial: <https://www.w3schools.com/java/>
- Java Tutorial: <https://www.javatpoint.com/java-tutorial>

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities)/ Practical Based learning**

1. Installation of Java (Refer: [https://www.java.com/en/download/help/index\\_installing.html](https://www.java.com/en/download/help/index_installing.html))
2. Demonstration of online IDEs like geeksforgeeks, jdoodle or any other Tools
3. Demonstration of class diagrams for the class abstraction, type visibility, composition and inheritance

**Assessment Method**

- Programming Assignment / Course Project



<b>OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING with C++</b>		Semester	3
Course Code	BCS306B	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	2;0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	28 Hours Theory + 20 Hours of Practical	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	<b>Theory</b>		
<b>Note - Students who have undergone “ Introduction to C++ Programming-BPLCK105D/205D” in first year are not eligible to opt this course</b>			
<b>Course objectives:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● To understand object-oriented programming using C++ and Gain knowledge about the capability to store information together in an object.</li> <li>● To illustrate the capability of a class to rely upon another class and functions.</li> <li>● To Create and process data in files using file I/O functions</li> <li>● To understand the generic programming features of C++ including Exception handling</li> </ul>			
<b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b> These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Chalk and board, power point presentations</li> <li>2. Online material (Tutorials) and video lectures.</li> <li>3. Demonstration of programing examples.</li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1</b>		<b>5 Hours</b>	
<b>An overview of C++:</b> What is object-Oriented Programming? Introducing C++ Classes, The General Form of a C++ Program. <b>Classes and Objects:</b> Classes, Friend Functions, Friend Classes, Inline Functions, Parameterized Constructors, Static Class Members, When Constructors and Destructors are Executed, The Scope Resolution Operator, Passing Objects to functions, Returning Objects, Object Assignment  Ch 11, Ch 12			
<b>Module-2</b>		<b>6 Hours</b>	
<b>Arrays, Pointers, References, and the Dynamic Allocation Operators:</b> Arrays of Objects, Pointers to Objects, The this Pointer, Pointers to derived types, Pointers to class members. <b>Functions Overloading, Copy Constructors:</b> Functions Overloading, Overloading Constructor Functions. Copy Constructors, Default Function Arguments, Function Overloading and Ambiguity.  Ch 13, Ch 14			
<b>Module-3</b>		<b>6 Hours</b>	

<p><b>Operator Overloading:</b> Creating a Member Operator Function, Operator Overloading Using a Friend Function, Overloading new and delete</p> <p><b>Inheritance:</b> Base-Class Access Control, Inheritance and Protected Members, Inheriting Multiple Base Classes , Constructors, Destructors and Inheritance, Granting Access, Virtual Base Classes</p> <p>Ch 15, Ch 16</p>
<p><b>Module-4</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>5 Hours</b></span></p>
<p><b>Virtual Functions and Polymorphism:</b> Virtual Functions, The Virtual Attribute is Inherited, Virtual Functions are Hierarchical, Pure Virtual Functions, Using Virtual Functions, Early vs Late Binding.</p> <p><b>Templates:</b> Generic Functions, Applying Generic Functions, Generic Classes. The type name and export Keywords. The Power of Templates</p> <p>Ch 17, Ch 18</p>
<p><b>Module-5</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>6 Hours</b></span></p>
<p><b>Exception Handling:</b> Exception Handling Fundamentals, Handling Derived-Class Exceptions, Exception Handling Options, Applying Exception Handling.</p> <p><b>The C++ I/O System Basics:</b> C++ Streams, The C++ Classes, Formatted I/O</p> <p><b>File I/O:</b> &lt;fstream&gt; and File Classes, Opening and Closing a File, Reading and Writing Text Files, Detecting EOF.</p> <p>Ch 19, Ch 20, Ch21</p>
<p><b>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</b></p> <p>At the end of the course, the student will be able to :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Illustrate the basic concepts of object-oriented programming.</li> <li>2 Design appropriate classes for the given real world scenario.</li> <li>3 Apply the knowledge of compile-time / run-time polymorphism to solve the given problem</li> <li>4 Use the knowledge of inheritance for developing optimized solutions</li> <li>5 Apply the concepts of templates and exception handling for the given problem</li> <li>6 Use the concepts of input output streams for file operations</li> </ol>
<p><b>Suggested Learning Resources:</b></p> <p><b>Books</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Herbert schildt, The Complete Reference C++, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, TMH, 2005</li> </ol> <p><b>Reference Books</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Balagurusamy E, Object Oriented Programming with C++, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt.Ltd., Sixth Edition 2016.</li> <li>2. Bhave , “ Object Oriented Programming With C++”, Pearson Education , 2004.</li> <li>3. A K Sharma , “Object Oriented Programming with C++”, Pearson Education, 2014</li> </ol>
<p><b>Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):</b></p>

<p>1. Basics of C++ - <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BCIS40yzssA">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BCIS40yzssA</a></p> <p>2. Functions of C++ - <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p8ehAjZWjPw">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p8ehAjZWjPw</a></p> <p><b>Tutorial Link:</b></p> <p>1. <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/cpp/cpp_intro.asp">https://www.w3schools.com/cpp/cpp_intro.asp</a></p> <p>2. <a href="https://www.edx.org/course/introduction-to-c-3">https://www.edx.org/course/introduction-to-c-3</a></p> <p>3. <a href="https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex_auth_01384364250678886443375_shared/overview">https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex_auth_01384364250678886443375_shared/overview</a></p>
<p><b>Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Group Assignment to develop small projects and demonstrate using C++</li> </ul>

### Practical Component

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	Develop a C++ program to find the largest of three numbers
2	Develop a C++ program to sort the elements in ascending and descending order.
3	Develop a C++ program using classes to display student name, roll number, marks obtained in two subjects and total score of student
4	Develop a C++ program for a bank employee to print name of the employee, account_no. & balance. Print invalid balance if amount < 500, Display the same, also display the balance after withdraw and deposit.
5	Develop a C++ program to demonstrate function overloading for the following prototypes. add(int a, int b) add(double a, double b
6	Develop a C++ program using Operator Overloading for overloading Unary minus operator.
7	Develop a C++ program to implement Multiple inheritance for performing arithmetic operation of two numbers
8	Develop a C++ program using Constructor in Derived classes to initialize alpha, beta and gamma and display corresponding values.
9	Develop a C++ program to create a text file, check file created or not, if created it will write some text into the file and then read the text from the file.
10	Develop a C++ program to write and read time in/from binary file using fstream
11	Develop a function which throws a division by zero exception and catch it in catch block. Write a C++ program to demonstrate usage of try, catch and throw to handle exception.
12	Develop a C++ program that handles array out of bounds exception using C++.

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

**CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)**

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

**CIE for the practical component of the IPCC**

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (**duration 02/03 hours**) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

**SEE for IPCC**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

**The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.**

<b>BSCK307 – Social Connect &amp; Responsibility 2022 Scheme &amp; syllabus for 3<sup>rd</sup> sem</b>		Semester	<b>3<sup>rd</sup></b>
Course Code	<b>BSCK307</b>	CIE Marks	<b>100</b>
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:3:1	SEE Marks	-----
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hour Practical Session +15 hour Planning	Total Marks	<b>100</b>
Examination nature (No SEE – Only CIE)	For CIE Assessment - Activities Report Evaluation by College NSS Officer / HOD / Sports Dept / Any Dept.		
Credits	01 - Credit		

**Course objectives: The course will enable the students to:**

1. Provide a formal platform for students to communicate and connect to the surrounding.
2. create a responsible connection with the society.
3. Understand the community in general in which they work.
4. Identify the needs and problems of the community and involve them in problem –solving.
5. Develop among themselves a sense of social & civic responsibility & utilize their knowledge in finding practical solutions to individual and community problems.
6. Develop competence required for group-living and sharing of responsibilities & gain skills in mobilizing community participation to acquire leadership qualities and democratic attitudes.

**General Instructions - Pedagogy :**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the activities will develop students' theoretical and applied social and cultural skills.
2. State the need for activities and its present relevance in the society and Provide real-life examples.
3. Support and guide the students for self-planned activities.
4. You will also be responsible for assigning homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress in real activities in the field.
5. Encourage the students for group work to improve their creative and analytical skills.

**Contents :**

The course is mainly activity-based that will offer a set of activities for the student that enables them to connect with fellow human beings, nature, society, and the world at large.

The course will engage students for interactive sessions, open mic, reading group, storytelling sessions, and semester-long activities conducted by faculty mentors.

In the following a set of activities planned for the course have been listed:

**Social Connect & Responsibility - Contents****Part I:****Plantation and adoption of a tree:**

Plantation of a tree that will be adopted for four years by a group of BE / B.Tech students. (ONE STUDENT ONE TREE)  
They will also make an excerpt either as a documentary or a photo blog describing the plant's origin, its usage in daily life, its appearance in folklore and literature - - Objectives, Visit, case study, report, outcomes.

**Part II :****Heritage walk and crafts corner:**

Heritage tour, knowing the history and culture of the city, connecting to people around through their history, knowing the city and its craftsman, photo blog and documentary on evolution and practice of various craft forms - - Objectives, Visit, case study, report, outcomes.

**Part III :****Organic farming and waste management:**

Usefulness of organic farming, wet waste management in neighboring villages, and implementation in the campus -

Objectives, Visit, case study, report, outcomes.

#### **Part IV:**

##### **Water conservation:**

Knowing the present practices in the surrounding villages and implementation in the campus, documentary or photoblog presenting the current practices – Objectives, Visit, case study, report, outcomes.

#### **Part V :**

##### **Food walk:**

City's culinary practices, food lore, and indigenous materials of the region used in cooking – Objectives, Visit, case study, report, outcomes.

#### **Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Communicate and connect to the surrounding.

CO2: Create a responsible connection with the society.

CO3: Involve in the community in general in which they work.

CO4: Notice the needs and problems of the community and involve them in problem –solving.

CO5: Develop among themselves a sense of social & civic responsibility & utilize their knowledge in finding practical solutions to individual and community problems.

CO6: Develop competence required for group-living and sharing of responsibilities & gain skills in mobilizing community participation to acquire leadership qualities and democratic attitudes.

#### **Activities:**

Jamming session, open mic, and poetry: Platform to connect to others. Share the stories with others. Share the experience of Social Connect. Exhibit the talent like playing instruments, singing, one-act play, art-painting, and fine art.

#### **PEDAGOGY:**

The pedagogy will include interactive lectures, inspiring guest talks, field visits, social immersion, and a course project. Applying and synthesizing information from these sources to define the social problem to address and take up the solution as the course project, with your group. Social immersion with NGOs/social sections will be a key part of the course. Will all lead to the course project that will address the needs of the social sector?

#### **COURSE TOPICS:**

The course will introduce social context and various players in the social space, and present approaches to discovering and understanding social needs. Social immersion and inspiring conversational will culminate in developing an actual, idea for problem-based intervention, based on an in-depth understanding of a key social problem.

#### **Duration :**

A total of 40 - 50 hrs engagement per semester is required for the 3rd semester of the B.E. /B.Tech. program. The students will be divided into groups. Each group will be handled by faculty mentor. Faculty mentor will design the activities (particularly Jamming sessions open mic ,and poetry) Faculty mentors has to design the evaluation system as per VTU guidelines of scheme & syllabus.

#### **Guideline for Assessment Process:**

##### **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

After completion of the course, the student shall prepare, with daily diary as reference, a comprehensive report in consultation with the mentor/s to indicate what he has observed and learned in the social connect period. The report should be signed by the mentor. The report shall

be evaluated on the basis of the following criteria and/or other relevant criteria pertaining to the activity completed. Marks allotted for the diary are out of 50. Planning and scheduling the social connect Information/Data collected during the social connect Analysis of the information/data and report writing Considering all above points allotting the marks as mentioned below

**Excellent : 80 to 100**

**Good : 60 to 79**

**Satisfactory : 40 to 59**

**Unsatisfactory and fail : <39**

### Special Note :

**NO SEE – Semester End Exam – Completely Practical and activities based evaluation**

## Pedagogy – Guidelines :

It may differ depending on local resources available for the study as well as environment and climatic differences, location and time of execution.

Sl No	Topic	Group size	Location	Activity execution	Reporting	Evaluation Of the Topic
1.	<b>Plantation and adoption of a tree:</b>	May be individual or team	Farmers land/ parks / Villages / roadside/ community area / College campus etc.....	Site selection /proper consultation/Continuous monitoring/ Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty
2.	<b>Heritage walk and crafts corner:</b>	May be individual or team	Temples / monumental places / Villages/ City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/Government Schemes officers/ campus etc.....	Site selection /proper consultation/Continuous monitoring/ Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty
3.	<b>Organic farming and waste management:</b>	May be individual or team	Farmers land / parks / Villages visits / roadside/ community area / College campus etc.....	Group selection / proper consultation / Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty
4.	<b>Water conservation: &amp; conservation techniques</b>	May be individual or team	Villages/ City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/Government Schemes officers / campus etc.....	site selection / proper consultation/Continuous monitoring/ Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty
5.	<b>Food walk: Practices in society</b>	May be individual or team	Villages/ City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/Government Schemes officers/ campus etc.....	Group selection / proper consultation / Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty

## Plan of Action (Execution of Activities )

Sl.NO	Practice Session Description	
1	Lecture session in field to start activities	
2	Students Presentation on Ideas	
3	Commencement of activity and its progress	
4	Execution of Activity	
5	Execution of Activity	
6	Execution of Activity	
7	Execution of Activity	
8	Case study based Assessment, Individual performance	
9	Sector/ Team wise study and its consolidation	
10	Video based seminar for 10 minutes by each student At the end of semester with Report.	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Each student should do activities according to the scheme and syllabus.</li> <li>At the end of semester student performance has to be evaluated by the faculty for the assigned activity progress and its completion.</li> <li>At last consolidated report of all activities from 1<sup>st</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup>, compiled report should be submitted as per the instructions and scheme.</li> </ul> <p>-----</p>		
<b>Assessment Details for CIE (both CIE and SEE)</b>		
<b>Weightage</b>	<b>CIE – 100%</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Implementation strategies of the project (NSS work).</li> <li>The last report should be signed by NSS Officer, the HOD and principal.</li> <li>At last report should be evaluated by the NSS officer of the institute.</li> <li>Finally the consolidated marks sheet should be sent to the university and also to be made available at LIC visit.</li> </ul>
Field Visit, Plan, Discussion	10 Marks	
Commencement of activities and its progress	20 Marks	
Case study based Assessment Individual performance with report	20 Marks	
Sector wise study & its consolidation 5*5 = 25	25 Marks	
Video based seminar for 10 minutes by each student At the end of semester with Report. <b>Activities 1 to 5, 5*5 = 25</b>	25 Marks	
<b>Total marks for the course in each semester</b>	<b>100 Marks</b>	
<p><b>For each activity, 20 marks CIE will be evaluated for IA marks at the end of semester, Report and assessment copy should be made available in the department.</b></p> <p>Students should present the progress of the activities as per the schedule in the prescribed practical session in the field. There should be positive progress in the vertical order for the benefit of society in general through activities.</p>		



<b>Data Analytics with Excel</b>		Semester	<b>3</b>
Course Code	<b>BCS358A</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits	01	Exam Hours	100
Examination type (SEE)	Practical		
<p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● To Apply analysis techniques to datasets in Excel</li> <li>● Learn how to use Pivot Tables and Pivot Charts to streamline your workflow in Excel</li> <li>● Understand and Identify the principles of data analysis</li> <li>● Become adept at using Excel functions and techniques for analysis</li> <li>● Build presentation ready dashboards in Excel</li> </ul>			
Sl.NO	Experiments		
1	<b>Getting Started with Excel:</b> Creation of spread sheets, Insertion of rows and columns, Drag & Fill, use of Aggregate functions.		
2	<b>Working with Data :</b> Importing data, Data Entry & Manipulation, Sorting & Filtering.		
3	<b>Working with Data:</b> Data Validation, Pivot Tables & Pivot Charts.		
4	<b>Data Analysis Process:</b> Conditional Formatting, What-If Analysis, Data Tables, Charts & Graphs.		
5	<b>Cleaning Data with Text Functions:</b> use of UPPER and LOWER, TRIM function, Concatenate.		
6	<b>Cleaning Data Containing Date and Time Values:</b> use of DATEVALUE function, DATEADD and DATEDIF, TIMEVALUE functions.		
7	<b>Conditional Formatting:</b> formatting, parsing, and highlighting data in spreadsheets during data analysis.		
8	<b>Working with Multiple Sheets:</b> work with multiple sheets within a workbook is crucial for organizing and managing data, perform complex calculations and create comprehensive reports.		
9	Create worksheet with following fields: Empno, Ename, Basic Pay(BP), Travelling Allowance(TA), Dearness Allowance(DA), House Rent Allowance(HRA), Income Tax(IT), Provident Fund(PF), Net Pay(NP). Use appropriate formulas to calculate the above scenario. Analyse the data using appropriate chart and report the data.		
10	Create worksheet on Inventory Management: Sheet should contain Product code, Product name, Product type, MRP, Cost after % of discount, Date of purchase. Use appropriate formulas to calculate the above scenario. Analyse the data using appropriate chart and report the data.		

11	Create worksheet on Sales analysis of Merchandise Store: data consisting of Order ID, Customer ID, Gender, age, date of order, month, online platform, Category of product, size, quantity, amount, shipping city and other details. Use of formula to segregate different categories and perform a comparative study using pivot tables and different sort of charts.
12	Generation of report & presentation using Autofilter & macro.

**Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Use advanced functions and productivity tools to assist in developing worksheets.
- Manipulate data lists using Outline and PivotTables.
- Use Consolidation to summarise and report results from multiple worksheets.
- Apply Macros and Autofilter to solve the given real world scenario.

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

**Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

**Semester End Evaluation (SEE):**

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

#### **Suggested Learning Resources:**

- **Berk & Carey** - Data Analysis with Microsoft® Excel: Updated for Office 2007®, Third Edition, © 2010 Brooks/Cole, Cengage Learning, ISBN-13: 978-0-495-39178-4
- **Wayne L. Winston** - Microsoft Excel 2019: Data Analysis And Business Modeling, PHI, ISBN: 9789389347180
- **Aryan Gupta** - Data Analysis in Excel: The Best Guide. (<https://www.simplilearn.com/tutorials/excel-tutorial/data-analysis-excel>)

R Programming		Semester	3
Course Code	BCS358B	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02
Examination type (SEE)	Practical		
<b>Course objectives:</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● To explore and understand how R and R Studio interactive environment.</li> <li>● To understand the different data Structures, data types in R.</li> <li>● To learn and practice programming techniques using R programming.</li> <li>● To import data into R from various data sources and generate visualizations.</li> <li>● To draw insights from datasets using data analytics techniques.</li> </ul>			
Sl.NO	Experiments		
1	Demonstrate the steps for installation of R and R Studio. Perform the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Assign different type of values to variables and display the type of variable. Assign different types such as Double, Integer, Logical, Complex and Character and understand the difference between each data type.</li> <li>b) Demonstrate Arithmetic and Logical Operations with simple examples.</li> <li>c) Demonstrate generation of sequences and creation of vectors.</li> <li>d) Demonstrate Creation of Matrices</li> <li>e) Demonstrate the Creation of Matrices from Vectors using Binding Function.</li> <li>f) Demonstrate element extraction from vectors, matrices and arrays</li> </ol> <b>Suggested Reading</b> – Text Book 1 – Chapter 1 (What is R, Installing R, Choosing an IDE – RStudio, How to Get Help in R, Installing Extra Related Software), Chapter 2 (Mathematical Operations and Vectors, Assigning Variables, Special Numbers, Logical Vectors), Chapter 3 (Classes, Different Types of Numbers, Other Common Classes, Checking and Changing Classes, Examining Variables )		
2	Assess the Financial Statement of an Organization being supplied with 2 vectors of data: Monthly Revenue and Monthly Expenses for the Financial Year. You can create your own sample data vector for this experiment) Calculate the following financial metrics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Profit for each month.</li> <li>b. Profit after tax for each month (Tax Rate is 30%).</li> <li>c. Profit margin for each month equals to profit after tax divided by revenue.</li> <li>d. Good Months – where the profit after tax was greater than the mean for the year.</li> <li>e. Bad Months – where the profit after tax was less than the mean for the year.</li> <li>f. The best month – where the profit after tax was max for the year.</li> <li>g. The worst month – where the profit after tax was min for the year.</li> </ol> <b>Note:</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. All Results need to be presented as vectors</li> <li>b. Results for Dollar values need to be calculated with \$0.01 precision, but need to be presented in Units of \$1000 (i.e 1k) with no decimal points</li> <li>c. Results for the profit margin ratio need to be presented in units of % with no decimal point.</li> <li>d. It is okay for tax to be negative for any given month (deferred tax asset)</li> <li>e. Generate CSV file for the data.</li> </ol> <b>Suggested Reading</b> – Text Book 1 – Chapter 4 (Vectors, Combining Matrices)		
3	Develop a program to create two 3 X 3 matrices A and B and perform the following operations a) Transpose of the matrix b) addition c) subtraction d) multiplication <b>Suggested Reading</b> – Text Book 1 – Chapter 4 (Matrices and Arrays – Array Arithmetic)		
4	Develop a program to find the factorial of given number using recursive function calls. <b>Suggested Reading</b> – Reference Book 1 – Chapter 5 (5.5 – Recursive Programming) Text Book 1 – Chapter 8 (Flow Control and Loops – If and Else, Vectorized If, while loops, for loops), Chapter 6 (Creating and Calling Functions, Passing Functions to and from other functions)		

5	<p>Develop an R Program using functions to find all the prime numbers up to a specified number by the method of Sieve of Eratosthenes.</p> <p><b>Suggested Reading</b> – Reference Book                  1 - Chapter 5 (5.5 – Recursive Programming)                  Text Book 1 – Chapter 8 (Flow Control and Loops – If and Else, Vectorized If, while loops, for loops), Chapter 6 (Creating and Calling Functions, Passing Functions to and from other functions)</p>																		
6	<p>The built-in data set mammals contain data on body weight versus brain weight. Develop R commands to:</p> <p>a) Find the Pearson and Spearman correlation coefficients. Are they similar?                  b) Plot the data using the plot command.                  c) Plot the logarithm (log) of each variable and see if that makes a difference.</p> <p><b>Suggested Reading</b> – Text Book 1 –Chapter 12 – (Built-in Datasets) Chapter 14 – (Scatterplots)                  Reference Book 2 – 13.2.5 (Covariance and Correlation)</p>																		
7	<p>Develop R program to create a Data Frame with following details and do the following operations.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="272 636 1482 972"> <thead> <tr> <th>itemCode</th> <th>itemCategory</th> <th>itemPrice</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1001</td> <td>Electronics</td> <td>700</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1002</td> <td>Desktop Supplies</td> <td>300</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1003</td> <td>Office Supplies</td> <td>350</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1004</td> <td>USB</td> <td>400</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1005</td> <td>CD Drive</td> <td>800</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>a) Subset the Data frame and display the details of only those items whose price is greater than or equal to 350.                  b) Subset the Data frame and display only the items where the category is either “Office Supplies” or “Desktop Supplies”                  c) Create another Data Frame called “item-details” with three different fields itemCode, ItemQtyonHand and ItemReorderLvl and merge the two frames</p> <p><b>Suggested Reading</b> –Textbook 1: Chapter 5 (Lists and Data Frames)</p>	itemCode	itemCategory	itemPrice	1001	Electronics	700	1002	Desktop Supplies	300	1003	Office Supplies	350	1004	USB	400	1005	CD Drive	800
itemCode	itemCategory	itemPrice																	
1001	Electronics	700																	
1002	Desktop Supplies	300																	
1003	Office Supplies	350																	
1004	USB	400																	
1005	CD Drive	800																	
8	<p>Let us use the built-in dataset air quality which has Daily air quality measurements in New York, May to September 1973. Develop R program to generate histogram by using appropriate arguments for the following statements.</p> <p>a) Assigning names, using the air quality data set.                  b) Change colors of the Histogram                  c) Remove Axis and Add labels to Histogram                  d) Change Axis limits of a Histogram                  e) Add Density curve to the histogram</p> <p><b>Suggested Reading</b> –Reference Book 2 – Chapter 7 (7.4 – The ggplot2 Package), Chapter 24 (Smoothing and Shading )</p>																		
9	<p>Design a data frame in R for storing about 20 employee details. Create a CSV file named “input.csv” that defines all the required information about the employee such as id, name, salary, start_date, dept. Import into R and do the following analysis.</p> <p>a) Find the total number rows &amp; columns                  b) Find the maximum salary                  c) Retrieve the details of the employee with maximum salary                  d) Retrieve all the employees working in the IT Department.                  e) Retrieve the employees in the IT Department whose salary is greater than 20000 and write these</p>																		

	<p>details into another file “output.csv”</p> <p><b>Suggested Reading</b> – Text Book 1 – Chapter 12(CSV and Tab Delimited Files)</p>
10	<p>Using the built in dataset mtcars which is a popular dataset consisting of the design and fuel consumption patterns of 32 different automobiles. The data was extracted from the 1974 Motor Trend US magazine, and comprises fuel consumption and 10 aspects of automobile design and performance for 32 automobiles (1973-74 models). Format A data frame with 32 observations on 11 variables : [1] mpg Miles/(US) gallon, [2] cyl Number of cylinders [3] disp Displacement (cu.in.), [4] hp Gross horsepower [5] drat Rear axle ratio,[6] wt Weight (lb/1000) [7] qsec 1/4 mile time, [8] vs V/S, [9] am Transmission (0 = automatic, 1 = manual), [10] gear Number of forward gears, [11] carb Number of carburetors</p> <p>Develop R program, to solve the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>What is the total number of observations and variables in the dataset?</li> <li>Find the car with the largest hp and the least hp using suitable functions</li> <li>Plot histogram / density for each variable and determine whether continuous variables are normally distributed or not. If not, what is their skewness?</li> <li>What is the average difference of gross horse power(hp) between automobiles with 3 and 4 number of cylinders(cyl)? Also determine the difference in their standard deviations.</li> <li>Which pair of variables has the highest Pearson correlation?</li> </ol> <p><b>References (Web links):</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/explore/vignettes/explore_mtcars.html">https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/explore/vignettes/explore_mtcars.html</a></li> <li><a href="https://www.w3schools.com/r/r_stat_data_set.asp">https://www.w3schools.com/r/r_stat_data_set.asp</a></li> <li><a href="https://rpubs.com/BillB/217355">https://rpubs.com/BillB/217355</a></li> </ol>
11	<p>Demonstrate the progression of salary with years of experience using a suitable data set (You can create your own dataset). Plot the graph visualizing the best fit line on the plot of the given data points. Plot a curve of Actual Values vs. Predicted values to show their correlation and performance of the model. Interpret the meaning of the slope and y-intercept of the line with respect to the given data. Implement using lm function. Save the graphs and coefficients in files. Attach the predicted values of salaries as a new column to the original data set and save the data as a new CSV file.</p> <p><b>Suggested Reading</b> – Reference Book 2 – Chapter 20 (General Concepts, Statistical Inference, Prediction)</p>
<p><b>Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):</b> At the end of the course the student will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Explain the fundamental syntax of R data types, expressions and the usage of the R-Studio IDE</li> <li>Develop a program in R with programming constructs: conditionals, looping and functions.</li> <li>Apply the list and data frame structure of the R programming language.</li> <li>Use visualization packages and file handlers for data analysis..</li> </ul>	

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

**Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

**Semester End Evaluation (SEE):**

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. OR based on the course requirement evaluation



rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

● General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

● Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

#### **Suggested Learning Resources:**

##### **Book:**

1. Cotton, R. (2013). Learning R: A Step by Step Function Guide to Data Analysis. 1<sup>st</sup> ed. O'Reilly Media Inc.

##### **References:**

1. Jones, O., Maillardet, R. and Robinson, A. (2014). Introduction to Scientific Programming and Simulation Using R. Chapman & Hall/CRC, The R Series.
2. Davies, T.M. (2016) The Book of R: A First Course in Programming and Statistics. No Starch Press.

<b>Project Management with Git</b>		Semester	<b>3</b>
Course Code	<b>BCS358C</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0: 0 : 2: 0	SEE Marks	50
Credits	01	Exam Marks	100
Examination type (SEE)	Practical		
<b>Course objectives:</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• .To familiar with basic command of Git</li> <li>• To create and manage branches</li> <li>• To understand how to collaborate and work with Remote Repositories</li> <li>• To familiar with virion controlling commands</li> </ul>			
<b>Sl.NO</b>	<b>Experiments</b>		
1	<b>Setting Up and Basic Commands</b> Initialize a new Git repository in a directory. Create a new file and add it to the staging area and commit the changes with an appropriate commit message.		
2	<b>Creating and Managing Branches</b> Create a new branch named "feature-branch." Switch to the "master" branch. Merge the "feature-branch" into "master."		
3	<b>Creating and Managing Branches</b> Write the commands to stash your changes, switch branches, and then apply the stashed changes.		
4	<b>Collaboration and Remote Repositories</b> Clone a remote Git repository to your local machine.		
5	<b>Collaboration and Remote Repositories</b> Fetch the latest changes from a remote repository and rebase your local branch onto the updated remote branch.		
6	<b>Collaboration and Remote Repositories</b> Write the command to merge "feature-branch" into "master" while providing a custom commit message for the merge.		
7	<b>Git Tags and Releases</b> Write the command to create a lightweight Git tag named "v1.0" for a commit in your local repository.		
8	<b>Advanced Git Operations</b>		

	Write the command to cherry-pick a range of commits from "source-branch" to the current branch.
9	<b>Analysing and Changing Git History</b>  Given a commit ID, how would you use Git to view the details of that specific commit, including the author, date, and commit message?
10	<b>Analysing and Changing Git History</b>  Write the command to list all commits made by the author "JohnDoe" between "2023-01-01" and "2023-12-31."
11	<b>Analysing and Changing Git History</b>  Write the command to display the last five commits in the repository's history.
12	<b>Analysing and Changing Git History</b>  Write the command to undo the changes introduced by the commit with the ID "abc123".
<b>Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):</b> At the end of the course the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Use the basics commands related to git repository</li><li>• Create and manage the branches</li><li>• Apply commands related to Collaboration and Remote Repositories</li><li>• Use the commands related to Git Tags, Releases and advanced git operations</li><li>• Analyse and change the git history</li></ul>	

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

**Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

**Semester End Evaluation (SEE):**

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
  - (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
  - Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
  - Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.
- The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

- Version Control with Git, 3rd Edition, by Prem Kumar Ponuthorai, Jon Loeliger Released October 2022, Publisher(s): O'Reilly Media, Inc.
- Pro Git book, written by Scott Chacon and Ben Straub and published by Apress, <https://git-scm.com/book/en/v2>
- [https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex\\_auth\\_0130944433473699842782\\_shared/overview](https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex_auth_0130944433473699842782_shared/overview)
- [https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex\\_auth\\_01330134712177459211926\\_shared/overview](https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex_auth_01330134712177459211926_shared/overview)

Data Visualization with Python		Semester	III
Course Code	BCS358D	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0: 0: 2: 0	SEE Marks	50
Credits	01	Exam Hours	100
Examination type (SEE)	Practical		
<b>Course objectives:</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLO 1. Demonstrate the use of IDLE or PyCharm IDE to create Python Applications</li> <li>• CLO 2. Using Python programming language to develop programs for solving real-world problems</li> <li>• CLO 3. Implementation of Matplotlib for drawing different Plots</li> <li>• CLO 4. Demonstrate working with Seaborn, Bokeh.</li> <li>• CLO 5. Working with Plotly for 3D, Time Series and Maps.</li> </ul>			
<b>Experiments</b>			
<b>Sl. No.</b>	<b>PART A – List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in the Laboratory</b>		
1	<p>a) Write a python program to find the best of two test average marks out of three test's marks accepted from the user.</p> <p>b) Develop a Python program to check whether a given number is palindrome or not and also count the number of occurrences of each digit in the input number.</p> <p>Datatypes: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gCCVsvgR2KU">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gCCVsvgR2KU</a> Operators: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v5MR5JnKcZI">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v5MR5JnKcZI</a> Flow Control: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PqFKRqpHrjw">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PqFKRqpHrjw</a> For loop: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0ZvaDa8eT5s">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0ZvaDa8eT5s</a> While loop: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HZARImviDxg">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HZARImviDxg</a> Exceptions: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6SPDvPK38tw">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6SPDvPK38tw</a></p>		
2	<p>a) Defined as a function F as <math>F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2}</math>. Write a Python program which accepts a value for N (where <math>N &gt; 0</math>) as input and pass this value to the function. Display suitable error message if the condition for input value is not followed.</p> <p>b) Develop a python program to convert binary to decimal, octal to hexadecimal using functions.</p> <p>Functions: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BVfCWuca9nw">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BVfCWuca9nw</a>  Arguments: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ijXMGpoMkhQ">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ijXMGpoMkhQ</a>  Return value: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nuNXiEDnM44">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nuNXiEDnM44</a></p>		
3	<p>a) Write a Python program that accepts a sentence and find the number of words, digits, uppercase letters and lowercase letters.</p> <p>b) Write a Python program to find the string similarity between two given strings</p> <p><b>Sample Output:</b></p> <p>Original string:  Python Exercises  Python Exercises  Similarity between two said strings:</p> <p><b>Sample Output:</b></p> <p>Original string:  Python Exercises  Python Exercise  Similarity between two said strings:1.0  0.967741935483871</p> <p>Strings: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ISItwlnF0eU">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ISItwlnF0eU</a>  String functions: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9a3CxJyTq00">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9a3CxJyTq00</a></p>		

4	<p>a) Write a Python program to Demonstrate how to Draw a Bar Plot using Matplotlib.</p> <p>b) Write a Python program to Demonstrate how to Draw a Scatter Plot using Matplotlib.</p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RRHQ6Fs1b8w&amp;list=PLjVLYmrlmjGcC0B_FP3bkJ-JIPkV5GuZR&amp;index=3">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RRHQ6Fs1b8w&amp;list=PLjVLYmrlmjGcC0B_FP3bkJ-JIPkV5GuZR&amp;index=3</a></p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7ABCuhWO9II&amp;list=PLjVLYmrlmjGcC0B_FP3bkJ-JIPkV5GuZR&amp;index=4">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7ABCuhWO9II&amp;list=PLjVLYmrlmjGcC0B_FP3bkJ-JIPkV5GuZR&amp;index=4</a></p>
5	<p>a) Write a Python program to Demonstrate how to Draw a Histogram Plot using Matplotlib.</p> <p>b) Write a Python program to Demonstrate how to Draw a Pie Chart using Matplotlib.</p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Qk7caotaQUQ&amp;list=PLjVLYmrlmjGcC0B_FP3bkJ-JIPkV5GuZR&amp;index=6">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Qk7caotaQUQ&amp;list=PLjVLYmrlmjGcC0B_FP3bkJ-JIPkV5GuZR&amp;index=6</a></p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PSji21jUNO0&amp;list=PLjVLYmrlmjGcC0B_FP3bkJ-JIPkV5GuZR&amp;index=7">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PSji21jUNO0&amp;list=PLjVLYmrlmjGcC0B_FP3bkJ-JIPkV5GuZR&amp;index=7</a></p>
6	<p>a) Write a Python program to illustrate Linear Plotting using Matplotlib.</p> <p>b) Write a Python program to illustrate liner plotting with line formatting using Matplotlib.</p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UO98IJO3QGI&amp;list=PL-osiE80TeTvipOqomVEeZ1HRrcEvtZB">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UO98IJO3QGI&amp;list=PL-osiE80TeTvipOqomVEeZ1HRrcEvtZB</a></p>
7	<p>Write a Python program which explains uses of customizing seaborn plots with Aesthetic functions.</p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6GUZXDef2U0">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6GUZXDef2U0</a></p>
8	<p>Write a Python program to explain working with bokeh line graph using Annotations and Legends.</p> <p>a) Write a Python program for plotting different types of plots using Bokeh.</p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HDvxYoRadcA">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HDvxYoRadcA</a></p>
9	<p>Write a Python program to draw 3D Plots using Plotly Libraries.</p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cCck7hCanpw&amp;list=PLE50-dh6JzC4onX-gkv9H3HtPbBVA8M94&amp;index=4">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cCck7hCanpw&amp;list=PLE50-dh6JzC4onX-gkv9H3HtPbBVA8M94&amp;index=4</a></p>

10	<p>a) Write a Python program to draw Time Series using Plotly Libraries.</p> <p>b) Write a Python program for creating Maps using Plotly Libraries.</p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xnJ2TnrGYik&amp;list=PLE50-dh6JzC4onX-qkv9H3HtPbBVA8M94&amp;index=5">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xnJ2TnrGYik&amp;list=PLE50-dh6JzC4onX-qkv9H3HtPbBVA8M94&amp;index=5</a></p> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D35m2CdMhVs&amp;list=PLE50-dh6JzC4onX-qkv9H3HtPbBVA8M94&amp;index=6">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D35m2CdMhVs&amp;list=PLE50-dh6JzC4onX-qkv9H3HtPbBVA8M94&amp;index=6</a></p>
<b>Python (Full Course):</b> <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_uQrJ0TkZlc">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_uQrJ0TkZlc</a>	
<b>Pedagogy</b>	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk &Talk
<p><b>Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):</b></p> <p>At the end of the course the student will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CO 1. Demonstrate the use of IDLE or PyCharm IDE to create Python Applications</li> <li>CO 2. Use Python programming constructs to develop programs for solving real-world problems</li> <li>CO 3. Use Matplotlib for drawing different Plots</li> <li>CO 4. Demonstrate working with Seaborn, Bokeh for visualization.</li> <li>CO 5. Use Plotly for drawing Time Series and Maps.</li> </ul>	



**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

**Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

**Semester End Evaluation (SEE):**

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

- **Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.**
- **Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).**
- **The duration of SEE is 03 hours**

**Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book****Textbooks:**

1. Al Sweigart, "Automate the Boring Stuff with Python", 1st Edition, No Starch Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC-SA license at <https://automatetheboringstuff.com/>)
2. Reema Thareja "Python Programming Using Problem Solving Approach" Oxford University Press.
3. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at <http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf>)
4. Jake VanderPlas "Python Data Science Handbook" 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, O'REILLY.

<b>Analysis &amp; Design of Algorithms</b>		Semester	4
Course Code	<b>BCS401</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To learn the methods for analyzing algorithms and evaluating their performance.</li> <li>• To demonstrate the efficiency of algorithms using asymptotic notations.</li> <li>• To solve problems using various algorithm design methods, including brute force, greedy, divide and conquer, decrease and conquer, transform and conquer, dynamic programming, backtracking, and branch and bound.</li> <li>• To learn the concepts of P and NP complexity classes.</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>            These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods may be adopted to achieve the outcomes.</li> <li>2. Utilize video/animation films to illustrate the functioning of various concepts.</li> <li>3. Promote collaborative learning (Group Learning) in the class.</li> <li>4. Pose at least three HOT (Higher Order Thinking) questions in the class to stimulate critical thinking.</li> <li>5. Incorporate Problem-Based Learning (PBL) to foster students' analytical skills and develop their ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than merely recalling it.</li> <li>6. Introduce topics through multiple representations.</li> <li>7. Demonstrate various ways to solve the same problem and encourage students to devise their own creative solutions.</li> <li>8. Discuss the real-world applications of every concept to enhance students' comprehension.</li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
<p><b>INTRODUCTION:</b> What is an Algorithm?, Fundamentals of Algorithmic Problem Solving.  <b>FUNDAMENTALS OF THE ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHM EFFICIENCY:</b> Analysis Framework, Asymptotic Notations and Basic Efficiency Classes, Mathematical Analysis of Non recursive Algorithms, Mathematical Analysis of Recursive Algorithms.  <b>BRUTE FORCE APPROACHES:</b> Selection Sort and Bubble Sort, Sequential Search and Brute Force String Matching.  <b>Chapter 1 (Sections 1.1,1.2), Chapter 2(Sections 2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4), Chapter 3(Section 3.1,3.2)</b></p>			
<b>Module-2</b>			
<p><b>BRUTE FORCE APPROACHES (contd.):</b> Exhaustive Search (Travelling Salesman problem and Knapsack Problem).  <b>DECREASE-AND-CONQUER:</b> Insertion Sort, Topological Sorting.  <b>DIVIDE AND CONQUER:</b> Merge Sort, Quick Sort, Binary Tree Traversals, Multiplication of Large Integers and Strassen's Matrix Multiplication.</p>			

<b>Chapter 3(Section 3.4), Chapter 4 (Sections 4.1,4.2), Chapter 5 (Section 5.1,5.2,5.3, 5.4)</b>
<b>Module-3</b>
<b>TRANSFORM-AND-CONQUER:</b> Balanced Search Trees, Heaps and Heapsort. <b>SPACE-TIME TRADEOFFS:</b> Sorting by Counting: Comparison counting sort, Input Enhancement in String Matching: Horspool's Algorithm.
<b>Chapter 6 (Sections 6.3,6.4), Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2)</b>
<b>Module-4</b>
<b>DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING:</b> Three basic examples, The Knapsack Problem and Memory Functions, Warshall's and Floyd's Algorithms. <b>THE GREEDY METHOD:</b> Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm, Dijkstra's Algorithm, Huffman Trees and Codes.
<b>Chapter 8 (Sections 8.1,8.2,8.4), Chapter 9 (Sections 9.1,9.2,9.3,9.4)</b>
<b>Module-5</b>
<b>LIMITATIONS OF ALGORITHMIC POWER:</b> Decision Trees, P, NP, and NP-Complete Problems. <b>COPING WITH LIMITATIONS OF ALGORITHMIC POWER:</b> Backtracking (n-Queens problem, Subset-sum problem), Branch-and-Bound (Knapsack problem), Approximation algorithms for NP-Hard problems (Knapsack problem).
<b>Chapter 11 (Section 11.2, 11.3), Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1,12.2,12.3)</b>
<b>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</b>
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Apply asymptotic notational method to analyze the performance of the algorithms in terms of time complexity.</li> <li>2. Demonstrate divide &amp; conquer approaches and decrease &amp; conquer approaches to solve computational problems.</li> <li>3. Make use of transform &amp; conquer and dynamic programming design approaches to solve the given real world or complex computational problems.</li> <li>4. Apply greedy and input enhancement methods to solve graph &amp; string based computational problems.</li> <li>5. Analyse various classes (P, NP and NP Complete) of problems</li> <li>6. Illustrate backtracking, branch &amp; bound and approximation methods.</li> </ol>

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

**Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

**Semester-End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by the University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally **reduced to 50 marks**

**Suggested Learning Resources:****Textbooks**

1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, By Anany Levitin, 3rd Edition (Indian), 2017, Pearson.

**Reference books**

1. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, SatrajSahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press.
2. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI.
3. Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education)

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- Design and Analysis of Algorithms: <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101060/>

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

- Promote real-world problem-solving and competitive problem solving through group discussions to engage students actively in the learning process.
- Encourage students to enhance their problem-solving skills by implementing algorithms and solutions through programming exercises, fostering practical application of theoretical concepts.

## Assessment Methods -

1. Problem Solving Assignments (Hacker Rank/ Hacker Earth / Leadcode)
2. Gate Based Aptitude Test

<b>Financial Management</b>		Semester	4
Course Code	<b>BCB402</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory/practical		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● To gain knowledge on the various sources of finance.</li> <li>● To understand the various uses for finance.</li> <li>● To familiarize with the techniques used in financial management.</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>            These are sample Strategies; that teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods may be adopted to achieve the outcomes.</li> <li>2. Utilize video/animation and /or cases to illustrate the functioning of various concepts.</li> <li>3. Promote collaborative learning (Group Learning) in the class.</li> <li>4. Pose at least three HOT (Higher Order Thinking) questions in the class to stimulate critical thinking.</li> <li>5. Incorporate Problem-Based Learning (PBL) to foster students' analytical skills and develop their ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than merely recalling it.</li> <li>6. Introduce topics through multiple representations.</li> <li>7. Demonstrate various ways to solve the same problem and encourage students to devise their own creative solutions.</li> <li>8. Discuss the real-world applications of every concept to enhance students' comprehension.</li> <li>9. For practical based learning: use suitable modern tool for solving problems and record the results/observations of experiments.</li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
<p><b>Financial Management:</b> Introduction – Meaning of Financial Management, Finance, Financial Services, Financial Managers, Scope of Financial Management - Finance functions: Investment, Financing and Dividend decisions, Key activities of the Financial Manager, Objectives of Financial Management - Profit Maximization vs. Wealth Maximization.            [Textbook 1: Chapter 1]</p>			
<b>Module-2</b>			
<p><b>The Time value of money:</b> Timelines and Notation, Future Value of a Single Amount, Present Value of a Single Amount, Future Value of an Annuity, Present Value of an Annuity, Present Value of a Perpetuity, Intra-year Compounding and Discounting. (Theory &amp; Problems)            [Textbook 2: Chapter 6]</p>			
<b>Module-3</b>			
<p><b>Capital Budgeting</b> – Nature of Capital Budgeting, Evaluation Techniques - Net Present Value (NPV), Internal Rate of Return (IRR), Profitability Index (PI), Payback Period, Accounting Rate of Return (ARR).            [Textbook 1: Chapter 5]</p>			

<b>Module-4</b>
<p><b>The Cost of Capital:</b> Preliminaries, Cost of Debt and Preference, Cost of Equity, Determining the proportions, Weighted Average Cost of Capital, Weighted Marginal Cost of Capital, Factors affecting the Weighted Average Cost of Capital.</p> <p>[Textbook 2: Chapter 14]</p>
<b>Module-5</b>
<p><b>Sources of Long-Term Finance:</b> Equity Capital, Internal Accruals, Preference Capital, Term Loans, Debentures.</p> <p>[Textbook 2: Chapter 17]</p> <p><b>Working Capital Management:</b> Nature of working capital – Concepts and Definitions of Working Capital, Planning of Working Capital - Need for working capital, Determinants of working capital.</p> <p>[Textbook 1: Chapter 9]</p> <p><b>Working Capital Financing:</b> Accruals, Trade credit, Commercial banks.</p> <p>[Textbook 2: Chapter 27]</p>

**PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC** *(May cover all / major modules)*

**Note:** Experiments (Suggested & not limited) to be conducted using MS Excel or other spreadsheet tool. Students are required to develop necessary interfaces by making use of VBA and/or Macros for data input and import file containing financial/transactional data.

Sl.No	Experiment
1	Mr. Raghu sells goods for which he offers the following option of payment: (i) Pay Rs.2500 now, or (ii) Pay Rs.900 each at the end of first year, second year and third year from now. The customer having an opportunity cost of 10%, find the best option between these options (Compare PV of series of Rs.900 with Rs.2500).
2	A bank makes an offer to deposit with it a sum of Rs.16000 and then receive a return of Rs.1800 p. a. perpetually. Suggest the choice on the offer to be accepted by an investor whose opportunity rate of return is 12%. Comment on the decision change if his rate of return is 10%.
3	A recurring deposit of Rs.100 is made in the beginning of each of the next 4 years starting from now @ 6%. Find the total deposit at the end of 4 years, 6 years, 10 years and 15 years.
4	A company is establishing a sinking fund to retire Rs.500000, 8 percent debentures, 10 years from today. The company plans to put a fixed amount into the fund each year for 10 years. The first payment will be made at the end of the current year. The company anticipates that the funds will earn 6 per cent a year. Calculate equal annual contributions must be made to accumulate Rs. 500000, 10 years from now.
5	A machine is available for Rs.170000 and has a life of 5 years. It is expected to generate cash flows of Rs.20000, Rs.50000, Rs.60000, Rs.40000, and Rs.75000. Find out the NPV of the machine given the required rate of return as 10%.
6	A firm is evaluating a proposal costing Rs.160000 and expected to generate cash flows of Rs.40000, Rs.60000, Rs.50000, Rs.50000, and Rs.40000. There is no salvage value thereafter. Find out the IRR of the proposal. Find the IRR, if the hurdle rate of the firm is 12% and suitability for consideration.



7	<p>ITC Ltd. has decided to purchase a machine to augment the company's installed capacity to meet the growing demand for its products. There are three machines under consideration of the management. The relevant details including estimated yearly expenditure and sales are given below. All sales are on cash. Corporate Income Tax rate is 30%. The economic life of Machine 1 is 2 years, while it is 3 years for the other two. The scrap values are Rs.40000, RS.25000, and Rs.30000 respectively. You are required to find out the most profitable investment based on 'Pay Back Method'.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="289 409 1360 772"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Machine 1</th> <th>Machine 2</th> <th>Machine 3</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Initial Investment required</td> <td>300000</td> <td>300000</td> <td>300000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Estimated annual sales</td> <td>500000</td> <td>400000</td> <td>450000</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Estimated cost of production:</b></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Direct materials</td> <td>40000</td> <td>50000</td> <td>48000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Direct labour</td> <td>50000</td> <td>30000</td> <td>36000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Factory overheads</td> <td>60000</td> <td>50000</td> <td>58000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration costs</td> <td>20000</td> <td>10000</td> <td>15000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Selling and distribution costs</td> <td>10000</td> <td>10000</td> <td>10000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Machine 1	Machine 2	Machine 3	Initial Investment required	300000	300000	300000	Estimated annual sales	500000	400000	450000	<b>Estimated cost of production:</b>				Direct materials	40000	50000	48000	Direct labour	50000	30000	36000	Factory overheads	60000	50000	58000	Administration costs	20000	10000	15000	Selling and distribution costs	10000	10000	10000
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8	<p>A company is considering an investment proposal to install new milling controls at a cost of Rs.50000. The facility has a life expectancy of 5 years and no salvage value. The tax rate is 35 per cent. Assume the firm uses straight line depreciation and the same is allowed for tax purposes. The estimated cash flows before depreciation and tax (CFBT) from the investment proposal are as follows:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="272 987 649 1228"> <thead> <tr> <th>Year</th> <th>CFBT</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Rs.10000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Rs.10692</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Rs.12769</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Rs.13642</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Rs.20385</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Compute the following: i) Payback period ii) Average rate of return iii) Internal rate of return iv) Net present value at 10 percent discount rate v) Profitability index at 10 percent discount rate</p>	Year	CFBT	1	Rs.10000	2	Rs.10692	3	Rs.12769	4	Rs.13642	5	Rs.20385																								
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9	<p>Calculate the explicit cost of debt for each of the following situations:</p> <p>a) Debentures are sold at par and floatation costs are 5 per cent.</p> <p>b) Debentures are sold at a premium of 10 percent and floatation costs are 5 percent of issue price.</p> <p>c) Debentures are sold at a discount of 5 percent and floatation costs are 5 percent of issue price.</p> <p>Assume: i) Coupon rate of interest in debentures is 10 percent ii) Face value of debentures is Rs.100 iii) Maturity period is 10 years iv) Tax rate is 35 per cent.</p>																																				
10	<p>The following information is available for Avinash metals:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="272 1633 779 1795"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Net operating income</td> <td>Rs.40 million</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Interest on debt</td> <td>Rs.10 million</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cost of equity</td> <td>18 per cent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cost of debt</td> <td>12 per cent</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>a) What is the average cost of capital of Avinash metals?</p> <p>b) What happens to the average cost of capital if it employs Rs.100 million of debt to finance a project which earns an operating income of Rs.20 million? Assume that the net operating income (NOI) applies and there is no tax.</p>	Net operating income	Rs.40 million	Interest on debt	Rs.10 million	Cost of equity	18 per cent	Cost of debt	12 per cent																												
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**Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Explain the importance of financial management from a strategic perspective.
2. Apply concepts of time value of money to make financial choices.
3. Apply concepts of capital budgeting to make investment decisions.
4. Apply the methods of estimation of cost of capital for financial planning.
5. Explain the concepts of working capital, long term and short term sources of finance.

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

**CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)**

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

**CIE for the practical component of the IPCC**

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (**duration 02/03 hours**) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

**SEE for IPCC**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

**The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.**

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

**Textbooks**

1. Khan, M Y., Jain, P K., Basic Financial Management, Third Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2012.
2. Chandra, P., Financial Management—Theory and Practice, Tenth Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited., 2019.

**Reference book**

1. Rustagi, R P., Taxmann's Fundamentals of Financial Management-With Excel Applications, 15th Edition, 2020.

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- <https://www.pdfdrive.com/financial-management-and-analysis-workbook-step-by-step-exercises-and-tests-tohelp-you-master-financial-management-and-analysis-e158595305.html>
- <https://www.pdfdrive.com/fundamentals-of-financial-management-concise-sixth-edition-e20229517.html>
- [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CCQwz\\_Gwo6o](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CCQwz_Gwo6o)
- <https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/110107144/L01.html>

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Case Studies (Not limited to)**

- Identifying the small or medium sized companies and understanding the Investment evaluation techniques used by them.
- Using the annual reports of selected companies, students can study the working capital management employed by them. Students can also compare the working capital management of companies in the same sector.
- Evaluate the NPV of an investment made in any one of the capital projects of a company for 5 years.
- Submit an analysed report on Capital structure in 5 different industries.
- Visit a business entity and estimate working capital requirement for the entity.
- Calculate Equated Instalment and prepare Loan Repayment schedule for the loan borrowed by your family / friend.

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM		Semester	4
Course Code	<b>BCS403</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To Provide a strong foundation in database concepts, technology, and practice.</li> <li>• To Practice SQL programming through a variety of database problems.</li> <li>• To Understand the relational database design principles.</li> <li>• To Demonstrate the use of concurrency and transactions in database.</li> <li>• To Design and build database applications for real world problems.</li> <li>• To become familiar with database storage structures and access techniques.</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>            These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.</li> <li>2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.</li> <li>3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.</li> <li>4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.</li> <li>5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.</li> <li>6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.</li> <li>7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.</li> <li>8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding</li> <li>9. Use any of these methods: Chalk and board, Active Learning, Case Studies</li> </ol>			
<b>MODULE-1</b>		<b>No. of Hours: 8</b>	
<p><b>Introduction to Databases:</b> Introduction, Characteristics of database approach, Advantages of using the DBMS approach, History of database applications.</p> <p><b>Overview of Database Languages and Architectures:</b> Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three schema architecture and data independence, database languages, and interfaces, The Database System environment.</p> <p><b>Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships:</b> Entity types, Entity sets and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams, Specialization and Generalization.</p> <p><b>Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.10</b>  <b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b></p>			
<b>MODULE-2</b>		<b>No. of Hours: 8</b>	

<p><b>Relational Model:</b> Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relational database schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations.</p> <p><b>Relational Algebra:</b> Unary and Binary relational operations, additional relational operations (aggregate, grouping, etc.) Examples of Queries in relational algebra.</p> <p><b>Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design:</b> Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational mapping.</p> <p><b>Textbook 1: Ch 5.1 to 5.3, Ch 8.1 to 8.5; Ch 9.1 to 9.2 Textbook 2: 3.5</b>  <b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b></p>	
<b>MODULE-3</b>	<b>No. of Hours:8</b>
<p><b>Normalization: Database Design Theory</b> – Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form.</p> <p><b>SQL:</b> SQL data definition and data types, Schema change statements in SQL, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL</p> <p><b>Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to 14.7, Ch 6.1 to 6.5</b>  <b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b></p>	
<b>MODULE-4</b>	<b>No. of Hours:8</b>
<p><b>SQL: Advanced Queries:</b> More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL.</p> <p><b>Transaction Processing:</b> Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL.</p> <p><b>Textbook 1: Ch 7.1 to 7.3, Ch 20.1 to 20.6</b>  <b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b></p>	
<b>MODULE-5</b>	<b>No. of Hours:08</b>
<p><b>Concurrency Control in Databases:</b> Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking.</p> <p><b>NOSQL Databases and Big Data Storage Systems:</b> Introduction to NOSQL Systems, The CAP Theorem, Document-Based NOSQL Systems and MongoDB, NOSQL Key-Value Stores, Column-Based or Wide Column NOSQL Systems, NOSQL Graph Databases and Neo4j</p> <p><b>Textbook 1:Chapter 21.1 to 21.5, Chapter 24.1 to 24.6</b>  <b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b></p>	

**PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC** *(May cover all / major modules)*

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	Create a table called Employee & execute the following. <b>Employee(EMPNO,ENAME,,JOB, MANAGER_NO, SAL, COMMISSION)</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Create a user and grant all permissions to the user.</li> <li>2. Insert the any three records in the employee table contains attributes EMPNO,ENAME JOB, MANAGER_NO, SAL, COMMISSION and use rollback. Check the result.</li> <li>3. Add primary key constraint and not null constraint to the employee table.</li> <li>4. Insert null values to the employee table and verify the result.</li> </ol>
2	Create a table called Employee that contain attributes EMPNO,ENAME,JOB, MGR,SAL & execute the following. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Add a column commission with domain to the Employee table.</li> <li>2. Insert any five records into the table.</li> <li>3. Update the column details of job</li> <li>4. Rename the column of Employ table using alter command.</li> <li>5. Delete the employee whose Empno is 105.</li> </ol>
3	Queries using aggregate functions(COUNT,AVG,MIN,MAX,SUM),Group by,Orderby. <b>Employee(E_id, E_name, Age, Salary)</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Create Employee table containing all Records E_id, E_name, Age, Salary.</li> <li>2. Count number of employee names from employeetable</li> <li>3. Find the Maximum age from employee table.</li> <li>4. Find the Minimum age from employeetable.</li> <li>5. Find salaries of employee in Ascending Order.</li> <li>6. Find grouped salaries of employees.</li> </ol>
4	Create a row level trigger for the customers table that would fire for INSERT or UPDATE or DELETE operations performed on the CUSTOMERS table. This trigger will display the salary difference between the old & new Salary. <b>CUSTOMERS(ID,NAME,AGE,ADDRESS,SALARY)</b>
5	Create cursor for Employee table & extract the values from the table. Declare the variables ,Open the cursor & extrct the values from the cursor. Close the cursor. <b>Employee(E_id, E_name, Age, Salary)</b>
6	Write a PL/SQL block of code using parameterized Cursor, that will merge the data available in the newly created table N_RollCall with the data available in the table O_RollCall. If the data in the first table already exist in the second table then that data should be skipped.
7	Install an Open Source NoSQL Data base MangoDB & perform basic CRUD(Create, Read, Update & Delete) operations. Execute MangoDB basic Queries using CRUD operations.
<b>Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):</b> At the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Describe the basic elements of a relational database management system</li> <li>● Design entity relationship for the given scenario.</li> <li>● Apply various Structured Query Language (SQL) statements for database manipulation.</li> <li>● Analyse various normalization forms for the given application.</li> <li>● Develop database applications for the given real world problem.</li> <li>● Understand the concepts related to NoSQL databases.</li> </ul>	
<b>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</b> The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The	

minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### **CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)**

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

#### **CIE for the practical component of the IPCC**

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (**duration 02/03 hours**) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

#### **SEE for IPCC**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

**The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.**

#### **Suggested Learning Resources:**

##### **Text Books:**

1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

**Mini Project:**

- Project Based Learning



<b>Analysis &amp; Design of Algorithms Lab</b>		Semester	4
Course Code	<b>BCSL404</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits	01	Exam Hours	2
Examination type (SEE)	Practical		
<b>Course objectives:</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To design and implement various algorithms in C/C++ programming using suitable development tools to address different computational challenges.</li> <li>• To apply diverse design strategies for effective problem-solving.</li> <li>• To Measure and compare the performance of different algorithms to determine their efficiency and suitability for specific tasks.</li> </ul>			
<b>Sl.No</b>	<b>Experiments</b>		
1	Design and implement C/C++ Program to find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Kruskal's algorithm.		
2	Design and implement C/C++ Program to find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Prim's algorithm.		
3	a. Design and implement C/C++ Program to solve All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using Floyd's algorithm. b. Design and implement C/C++ Program to find the transitive closure using Warshal's algorithm.		
4	Design and implement C/C++ Program to find shortest paths from a given vertex in a weighted connected graph to other vertices using Dijkstra's algorithm.		
5	Design and implement C/C++ Program to obtain the Topological ordering of vertices in a given digraph.		
6	Design and implement C/C++ Program to solve 0/1 Knapsack problem using Dynamic Programming method.		
7	Design and implement C/C++ Program to solve discrete Knapsack and continuous Knapsack problems using greedy approximation method.		
8	Design and implement C/C++ Program to find a subset of a given set $S = \{s_1, s_2, \dots, s_n\}$ of n positive integers whose sum is equal to a given positive integer d.		
9	Design and implement C/C++ Program to sort a given set of n integer elements using Selection Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of $n > 5000$ and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator.		
10	Design and implement C/C++ Program to sort a given set of n integer elements using Quick Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of $n > 5000$ and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator.		
11	Design and implement C/C++ Program to sort a given set of n integer elements using Merge Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of $n > 5000$ , and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator.		
12	Design and implement C/C++ Program for N Queen's problem using Backtracking.		

**Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

1. Develop programs to solve computational problems using suitable algorithm design strategy.
2. Compare algorithm design strategies by developing equivalent programs and observing running times for analysis (Empirical).
3. Make use of suitable integrated development tools to develop programs
4. Choose appropriate algorithm design techniques to develop solution to the computational and complex problems.
5. Demonstrate and present the development of program, its execution and running time(s) and record the results/inferences.

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

**Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

**Semester End Evaluation (SEE):**

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.

- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
  - The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
  - All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
  - (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
  - Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
  - Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
  - General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
  - Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.
- The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

- Virtual Labs (CSE): <http://cse01-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/>

<b>DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES</b>		Semester	IV
Course Code	<b>BCS405A</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. To help students to understand discrete and continuous mathematical structures.</li> <li>2. To impart basics of relations and functions.</li> <li>3. To facilitate students in applying principles of Recurrence Relations to find the generating functions and solve the Recurrence relations.</li> <li>4. To have the knowledge of groups and their properties to understand the importance of algebraic properties relative to various number systems.</li> </ol>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>  <b>Pedagogy (General Instructions):</b>  These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied Mathematical skills.</li> <li>2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.</li> <li>3. Support and guide the students for self-study.</li> <li>4. You will assign homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.</li> <li>5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.</li> <li>6. Show short related video lectures in the following ways: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).</li> <li>● As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).</li> <li>● As additional examples (post-lecture activity).</li> <li>● As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).</li> <li>● As a model solution for some exercises (post-lecture activity).</li> </ul> </li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1: Fundamentals of Logic</b>			
Basic Connectives and Truth Tables, Logic Equivalence – The Laws of Logic, Logical Implication – Rules of Inference. The Use of Quantifiers, Quantifiers, Definitions and the Proofs of Theorems. <p style="text-align: right;"><b>(8 hours)</b></p>			
<b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b>			
<b>Module-2: Properties of the Integers</b>			
Mathematical Induction, The Well Ordering Principle – Mathematical Induction, Recursive Definitions. <p><b>Fundamental Principles of Counting:</b> The Rules of Sum and Product, Permutations, Combinations – The Binomial Theorem, Combinations with Repetition. <span style="float: right;"><b>(8 Hours)</b></span></p>			
<b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b>			
<b>Module-3: Relations and Functions</b>			

<p>Cartesian Products and Relations, Functions – Plain and One-to-One, Onto Functions. The Pigeon-hole Principle, Function Composition and Inverse Functions.</p> <p><b>Properties of Relations</b>, Computer Recognition – Zero-One Matrices and Directed Graphs, Partial Orders – Hasse Diagrams, Equivalence Relations and Partitions. <b>(8 hours)</b></p> <p><b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b></p>
<p><b>Module-4: The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion</b></p>
<p>The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion, Generalizations of the Principle, Derangements – Nothing is in its Right Place, Rook Polynomials.</p> <p><b>Recurrence Relations:</b> First Order Linear Recurrence Relation, The Second Order Linear Homogeneous Recurrence Relation with Constant Coefficients. <b>(8 Hours)</b></p> <p><b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b></p>
<p><b>Module-5: Introduction to Groups Theory</b></p>
<p>Definitions and Examples of Particular Groups Klein 4-group, Additive group of Integers modulo <math>n</math>, Multiplicative group of Integers modulo-<math>p</math> and permutation groups, Properties of groups, Subgroups, cyclic groups, Cosets, Lagrange's Theorem. <b>(8 Hours)</b></p> <p><b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b></p>
<p><b>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</b></p> <p>At the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Apply concepts of logical reasoning and mathematical proof techniques in proving theorems and statements.</li> <li>2. Demonstrate the application of discrete structures in different fields of computer science.</li> <li>3. Apply the basic concepts of relations, functions and partially ordered sets for computer representations.</li> <li>4. Solve problems involving recurrence relations and generating functions.</li> <li>5. Illustrate the fundamental principles of Algebraic structures with the problems related to computer science &amp; engineering.</li> </ol>
<p><b>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</b></p> <p>The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE, the minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.</p>

**Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.
- Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)

The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and assignment/s marks.

**The Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

**Semester-End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by the University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

**Books (Name of the author/Title of the Book/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)**

**Text Books:**

1. **Ralph P. Grimaldi, B V Ramana: "Discrete Mathematical Structures an Applied Introduction"**, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
2. **Ralph P. Grimaldi: "Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics"**, 5th Edition, Pearson Education. 2004.

**Reference Books:**

1. **Basavaraj S Anami and Venakanna S Madalli: "Discrete Mathematics – A Concept-based approach"**, Universities Press, 2016
2. **Kenneth H. Rosen: "Discrete Mathematics and its Applications"**, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2007.
3. **Jayant Ganguly: "A Treatise on Discrete Mathematical Structures"**, Sanguine-Pearson, 2010.
4. **D.S. Malik and M.K. Sen: "Discrete Mathematical Structures Theory and Applications"**, Latest Edition, Thomson, 2004.
5. **Thomas Koshy: "Discrete Mathematics with Applications"**, Elsevier, 2005, Reprint 2008.

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- <http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111>
- [http://www.class-central.com/subject/math\(MOOCs\)](http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs))
- <http://academicearth.org/>
- VTU e-Shikshana Program
- VTU EDUSAT Program.
- <http://www.themathpage.com/>
- <http://www.abstractmath.org/>
- <http://www.ocw.mit.edu/courses/mathematics/>

**Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning**

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminar

<b>GRAPH THEORY</b>		Semester	IV
Course Code	<b>BCS405B</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understand the basic concepts of graphs and their properties, and operations of graphs.</li> <li>• Hamiltonian and Euler graphs, trees and matrix representation of the graph.</li> <li>• Apply the concepts of a planar graph, matching and colouring in computer science engineering.</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>  <b>Pedagogy (General Instructions):</b>            These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied Mathematical skills.</li> <li>2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.</li> <li>3. Support and guide the students for self-study.</li> <li>4. You will assign homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.</li> <li>5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.</li> <li>6. Show short related video lectures in the following ways:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).</li> <li>• As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).</li> <li>• As additional examples (post-lecture activity).</li> <li>• As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).</li> <li>• As a model solution for some exercises (post-lecture activity).</li> </ul> </li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
Introduction to Graphs: Introduction- Basic definition – Application of graphs – finite, infinite and bipartite graphs – Incidence and Degree – Isolated vertex, pendant vertex and Null graph. Paths and circuits – Isomorphism, sub-graphs, walks, paths and circuits, connected graphs, disconnected graphs and components. <span style="float: right;"><b>(8 hours)</b></span> <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b>			
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation		
<b>Module-2</b>			
Eulerian and Hamiltonian graphs: Euler graphs, Operations on graphs, Hamiltonian paths and circuits, Travelling salesman problem. Directed graphs – types of digraphs, Digraphs and binary relation. <span style="float: right;"><b>(8 hours)</b></span> <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b>			
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation		
<b>Module-3</b>			



<p><b>Trees</b> – properties, pendant vertex, Distance and centres in a tree - Rooted and binary trees, counting trees, spanning trees.  <b>Connectivity Graphs:</b> Vertex Connectivity, Edge Connectivity, Cut set and Cut Vertices, Fundamental circuits. <span style="float: right;">(8 hours)</span>  <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b></p>	
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation
<b>Module-4</b>	
<p>Planar Graphs: Planar graphs, Kuratowski's theorem (proof not required), Different representations of planar graphs, Euler's theorem, Geometric dual.  Graph Representations: Matrix representation of graphs-Adjacency matrix, Incidence Matrix, Circuit Matrix, Path Matrix. <span style="float: right;">(8 hours)</span>  <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b></p>	
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation
<b>Module-5:</b>	
<p>Graph Colouring: Colouring- Chromatic number, Chromatic polynomial, Matchings, Coverings, Four colour problem and Five colour problem. Greedy colouring algorithm. <span style="float: right;">(8 hours)</span>  <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b></p>	
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation
<p><b>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</b>  At the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Explain the fundamental concepts of properties and representation of graphs.</li> <li>2. Solve the problems involving characterization and operations on graphs.</li> <li>3. Apply concepts of trees and graph connectivity to solve real world problems.</li> <li>4. Apply the concepts of planar graph and graph representations to solve the given problem.</li> <li>5. Use the concepts of matching and coloring of graphs to solve the real world problems.</li> </ol>	
<p><b>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</b>  The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE, the minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.</p>	

**Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.
- Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)

The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and assignment/s marks.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

**Semester-End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by the University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

**Books (Name of the author/Title of the Book/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)**

**Text Books:**

1. Narsingh Deo, Graph theory with the applications to engineering & Computer Science, Dovers Publications, 2016
2. J.A. Bondy and U.S.R. Murty. Graph theory with Applications, Springer, 1<sup>st</sup> edition, 2008.

**Reference Books:**

1. Garry Chartand and Ping Zhang, Introduction to Graph Theory, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006.
2. Frank Harary, Graph Theory, Narosa Publishing House, Latest edition.
3. R. Diestel, Graph Theory, free online edition, 2016: [diestel-graph-theory.com/basic.html](http://diestel-graph-theory.com/basic.html).
4. Douglas B. West, Introduction to Graph Theory, Prentice Hall India Ltd.,2001
5. Robin J. Wilson, Introduction to Graph Theory, Longman Group Ltd.,2010

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- <http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111>
- [http://www.class-central.com/subject/math\(MOOCs\)](http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs))
- <http://academicearth.org/>
- VTU e-Shikshana Program
- VTU EDUSAT Program.

**Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning**

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminar

<b>OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUE</b>		Semester	IV
Course Code	<b>BCS405C</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b> The objectives of the course are to facilitate the learners to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Appreciate the importance of linear algebra in computer science and allied engineering science.</li> <li>• Gain the knowledge of linear algebra tools and concepts to implement them in their core domain.</li> <li>• Improve their mathematical thinking and acquire skills required for sustained lifelong learning.</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>  <b>Pedagogy (General Instructions):</b>            These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied Mathematical skills.</li> <li>2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.</li> <li>3. Support and guide the students for self-study.</li> <li>4. You will assign homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.</li> <li>5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.</li> <li>6. Show short related video lectures in the following ways:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).</li> <li>• As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).</li> <li>• As additional examples (post-lecture activity).</li> <li>• As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).</li> <li>• As a model solution of some exercises (post-lecture activity).</li> </ul> </li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1: VECTOR CALCULUS</b>			
Functions of several variables, Differentiation and partial differentials, gradients of vector-valued functions, gradients of matrices, useful identities for computing gradients, linearization and multivariate Taylor series. <span style="float: right;"><b>(8 hours)</b></span> <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b>			
<b>Module-2: APPLICATIONS OF VECTOR CALCULUS</b>			
Backpropagation and automatic differentiation, gradients in a deep network, The Gradient of Quadratic Cost, Descending the Gradient of Cost, The Gradient of Mean Squared Error. <span style="float: right;"><b>(8 hours)</b></span> <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b>			
<b>Module-3: Convex Optimization-1</b>			
Local and global optima, convex sets and functions separating hyperplanes, application of Hessian matrix in optimization, Optimization using gradient descent, Sequential search 3-point search and Fibonacci search. <span style="float: right;"><b>(8 hours)</b></span> <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b>			
<b>Module-4: Convex Optimization-2</b>			

Unconstrained optimization -Method of steepest ascent/descent, NR method, Gradient descent, Mini batch gradient descent, Stochastic gradient descent. **(8 hours)**  
**(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)**

### **Module-5: Advanced Optimization**

Momentum-based gradient descent methods: Adagrad, RMSprop and Adam.  
Non-Convex Optimization: Convergence to Critical Points, Saddle-Point methods.  
**(8 hours)**  
**(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)**

#### **Course outcome (Course Skill Set)**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Apply the concepts of vector calculus to solve the given problem.
2. Apply the concepts of partial differentiation in machine learning and deep neural networks.
3. Analyze the convex optimization algorithms and their importance in computer science & engineering.
4. Apply the optimization algorithms to solve the problem.
5. Analyze the advanced optimization algorithms for machine learning .

#### **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE, the minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.
- Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)
- The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and assignment/s marks.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

**Semester-End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks.

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

**Books (Name of the author/Title of the Book/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)**

**Text Books:**

1. Mathematics for Machine learning, Marc Peter Deisenroth, A. Aldo Faisal, Cheng Soon Ong, 2020, Cambridge University Press.
2. S. Bubeck, Convex Optimization: Algorithms and Complexity, Foundations and Trends in Optimization, 2015.
3. S. Boyd, N. Parikh, and E. Chu, "Distributed optimization and statistical learning via the alternating direction method of multipliers", Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning, Now Publishers Inc.

**Reference Books:**

1. Linear Algebra and Optimization for Machine Learning, Charu C. Aggarwal, Springer, 2020.
2. A. Beck, First-Order Methods in Optimization, MOS-SIAM Series on Optimization, 2017.
3. F. Bach, "Learning with Submodular Functions: A Convex Optimization Perspective", Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning, Now Publishers Inc.

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- <https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/mathematics/18-06sc-linear-algebra-fall-2011/index.htm>
- <https://www.math.ucdavis.edu/~linear/linear.pdf>
- <https://www.coursera.org/learn/linear-algebra-machine-learning>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/111106051/>
- [https://github.com/epfml/OptML\\_course](https://github.com/epfml/OptML_course)
- <https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL4O4bXkI-fAeYrsBqTUYn2xMjJAqIFQzX>

**Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning**

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminar

<b>LINEAR ALGEBRA</b>		Semester	IV
Course Code	<b>BCS405D</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To equip the students with standard concepts and tools in Linear algebra which will find them useful in their disciplines.</li> <li>• Gain the knowledge of linear algebra tools and concepts to implement them in their core domain.</li> <li>• Improve their mathematical thinking and acquire skills required for sustained lifelong learning.</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>  <b>Pedagogy (General Instructions):</b>            These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied Mathematical skills.</li> <li>2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.</li> <li>3. Support and guide the students for self-study.</li> <li>4. You will assign homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.</li> <li>5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.</li> <li>6. Show short related video lectures in the following ways:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).</li> <li>• As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).</li> <li>• As additional examples (post-lecture activity).</li> <li>• As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).</li> <li>• As a model solution of some exercises (post-lecture activity).</li> </ul> </li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1: VECTOR SPACES</b>			
Introduction, Vector spaces, Subspaces, Linear Combinations, Linear Spans, row space and column space of a Matrix, Linear Dependence and Independence, Basis and Dimension, Coordinates. <span style="float: right;"><b>(8 hours)</b></span> <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b>			
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation		
<b>Module-2: LINEAR TRANSFORMATIONS</b>			
Introduction, Linear Mappings, Geometric linear transformation of $\mathbb{R}^2$ , Kernel and Image of a linear transformations, Rank-Nullity Theorem (No proof), Matrix representation of linear transformations, Singular and Non-singular linear transformations, Invertible linear transformations <span style="float: right;"><b>(8 hours)</b></span> <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b>			
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation		
<b>Module-3: EIGENVALUES AND EIGENVECTORS</b>			

Introduction, Polynomials of Matrices, Applications of Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, Eigen spaces of a linear transformation, Characteristic and Minimal Polynomials of Block Matrices, Jordan Canonical form. <b>(8 hours)</b> <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b>	
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation
<b>Module-4: INNER PRODUCT SPACES</b>	
Inner products, inner product spaces, length and orthogonality, orthogonal sets and Bases, projections, Gram-Schmidt process, QR-factorization, least squares problem and least square error. <b>(8 hours)</b> <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b>	
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation
<b>Module-5: OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES IN LINEAR ALGEBRA</b>	
Diagonalization and Orthogonal diagonalization of real symmetric matrices, quadratic forms and its classifications, Hessian Matrix, Method of steepest descent, Singular value decomposition. Dimensionality reduction – Principal component analysis. <b>(8 hours)</b> <b>(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)</b>	
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation
<b>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</b> At the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Explain the concepts of vector spaces, subspaces, bases, dimension and their properties.</li> <li>2. Use matrices and linear transformations to solve the given problem.</li> <li>3. Compute Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors for the linear transformations</li> <li>4. Determine orthogonality of inner product spaces.</li> <li>5. Apply the optimization techniques to solve the problems.</li> </ol>	
<b>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</b> The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE, the minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.	
<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.</li> </ul> Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks	



- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)
- The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and assignment/s marks.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

**Semester-End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by the University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

**Books (Name of the author/Title of the Book/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)**

**Text Books:**

1. **David C. Lay, Steven R. Lay, Judi J Mc. Donald: "Linear Algebra and its applications"**, Pearson Education, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2021.
2. **Gilbert Strang: "Linear Algebra and its applications"**, Brooks Cole, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, 2005.

**Reference Books:**

1. **Richard Bronson & Gabriel B. Costa: "Linear Algebra: An Introduction"**, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition. Academic Press, 2014.
2. **Seymour Lipschutz, Marc Lipso: "Theory and problems of linear algebra"**, Schaum's outline series - 6th edition, 2017, McGraw-Hill Education.
3. **Marc Peter Deisenroth, A. Aldo Faisal, Cheng Soon Ong: "Mathematics for Machine learning"**, Cambridge University Press, 2020.

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- <https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/mathematics/18-06sc-linear-algebra-fall-2011/index.htm>
- <https://www.math.ucdavis.edu/~linear/linear.pdf>
- <https://www.coursera.org/learn/linear-algebra-machine-learning>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/111106051/>
- <http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111>
- [http://www.class-central.com/subject/math\(MOOCs\)](http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs))
- <http://academicearth.org/>
- VTU e-Shikshana Program
- VTU EDUSAT Program.

**Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning**

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminar

<b>Green IT and Sustainability</b>		Semester	4
Course Code	<b>BCS456A</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	14	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01
Examination type (SEE)	Theory (MCQ)		

**Course objectives:**

- Understand challenges for Green ICT and the environmental impact.
- Learn different aspects of ICT metrics and Sustainable Cloud Computing.
- Explore effects of software design on the sustainability.

**Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes Critical thinking.
5. Adopt Case study Based Learning (CBL), which fosters students' analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

**Module-1**

**Green ICT -History, Agenda, and Challenges Ahead:** Introduction, Industrial Revolution, The Emergence of Information and Communication Technologies, The Agenda and Challenges Ahead.

**Module-2**

**Emerging Technologies and Their Environmental Impact:** Introduction, Number of Connected Devices , Increased , Functionality, Increased Number of Separate Functions , Increased Demand for Speed and Reliability , Obsolescence—The Problem of Backward Compatibility, The Other Side of the Balance Sheet, Videoconference as an Alternative to Business Travel, Dematerialization of Product Chain, Travel Advice/Road Traffic Control, Intelligent Energy Metering , Building Management Systems, Saving IT

**Module-3**

**Measurements and Sustainability:** Introduction, ICT Technical Measures, Ecological Measures and Ethical Consideration, Systems Engineering for Designing Sustainable ICT-Based Architectures.

**Module-4**

**Sustainable Cloud Computing:** Introduction, Challenges in the Use of Cloud Computing As Green Technology, Cloud Computing and Sustainability, Sustainable Applications of Cloud Computing, Technologies Associated With Sustainable Cloud Computing, Future Prospects of Sustainable Cloud Computing, Reflections on Sustainable Cloud Computing Applications.

**Module-5**

**Sustainable Software Design:** Overview and Scope, Evaluating Sustainability Effects , Sustainability and the Product Life Cycle , Direct Effects: Sustainability During Use, Runtime Energy Consumption Basics , Analyzing the Energy Consumption of an Application , Energy Consumption Reduction Using Physical Properties of Semiconductors, Optimizing the Energy Consumption of an Application: Compiler Techniques, Optimizing the Energy Consumption of an Application: Runtime Approaches.

**Course outcome (Course Skill Set)**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

1. Classify the challenges for Green ICT
2. Relate the environmental impact due to emerging technologies.
3. Demonstrate different aspects of ICT metrics.
4. Compare the various parameters related to Sustainable Cloud Computing.

5. Interpret the effects of software design on the sustainability.

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

**Continuous internal Examination (CIE)**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

**Semester End Examinations (SEE)**

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour**. The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

**Books**

1. Green Information Technology – A Sustainable Approach, Mohammad Dastbaz Colin Pattinson, Babak Akhgar, Elsevier, 2015 Inc.
2. San Murugesan; G. R. Gangadharan, Harnessing Green IT: Principles and Practices, Wiley-IEEE Press

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kvn\\_-mJ2tSo](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kvn_-mJ2tSo)
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kxngsYn5N3Y>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EgdFi3sCgzU>
- <https://www.brightest.io/sustainability-measurement>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=S2m490p25Zw>

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

- Literature survey/review

<b>Capacity Planning for IT</b>		Semester	4
Course Code	<b>BCS456B</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	14	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01
Examination type (SEE)	Theory (MCQ)		

**Course objectives:**

- Understand requirement and measurements for capacity planning, measurement and monitoring.
- Measurement of data for prediction towards planning process.
- Understand concepts related to deployment, installation, configuration, and management.
- Role of virtualization and cloud services in capacity planning.

**Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes Critical thinking.
5. Adopt Case study Based Learning (CBL), which fosters students' analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

**Module-1**

**Goals, Issues, and Processes:** capacity planning, Quick and Dirty Math, Predicting When Your Systems Will Fail, Make Your System Stats Tell Stories, Buying Stuff: Procurement Is a Process, Performance and Capacity: Two Different Animals, The Effects of Social Websites and Open APIs.

**Setting Goals for Capacity:** Different Kinds of Requirements and Measurements, Architecture Decisions.

**Module-2**

**Measurement: Units of Capacity:** Aspects of Capacity Tracking Tools, Applications of Monitoring.

**Module-3**

**Measurement:** API Usage and Its Effect on Capacity, Examples and Reality.

**Predicting Trends:** Riding Your Waves.

**Module-4**

**Predicting Trends:** Procurement, The Effects of Increasing Capacity, Long-Term Trends, Iteration and Calibration.

**Deployment:** Automated Deployment Philosophies, Automated Installation Tools, Automated Configuration.

**Module-5**

**Virtualization and Cloud Computing:** Virtualization, Cloud Computing, Computing Resource Evolutions, Mixed Definitions, Cloud Capacity, Use it or lose it (your wallet), Measuring the clouds, Cloud Case Studies, Cloud Use Case: Anonymous Desktop Software Company.

**Course outcome (Course Skill Set)**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

1. Identify the requirement and measurements for capacity planning by considering the goal, issues, and processes.
2. Explain capacity measurement and monitoring.
3. Make use of measurement data for prediction towards overall planning process.
4. Explain the concepts related to deployment, installation, configuration, and management.
5. Demonstrate how the virtualization and cloud services fit into a capacity plan.

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

**Continuous internal Examination (CIE)**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

**Semester End Examinations (SEE)**

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour**. The student has to secure a minimum of

**Suggested Learning Resources:****Books**

1. John Allspaw, The Art of Capacity Planning, 2008, O'Reilly

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w0cD26CLBA0>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5-hhfBXykec>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9e4IohiFmZ8&t=63s>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qj4ziswxupE>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jTW79ofC6Go>
- [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\\_pPlanX5wQY](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_pPlanX5wQY)

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

- Tool demonstration

<b>UI/UX</b>		Semester	4
Course Code	<b>BCS456C</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	14	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01
Examination type (SEE)	Theory (MCQ)		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understand user experience design requirements, with design goals, metrics and targets.</li> <li>• Explore different prototyping methods, UX design principles with case examples.</li> <li>• Understand the role of design thinking concepts and mental models in UX design.</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>  These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.</li> <li>2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.</li> <li>3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.</li> <li>4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes Critical thinking.</li> <li>5. Adopt Case study Based Learning (CBL), which fosters students' analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.</li> <li>6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.</li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
Introduction: Usability to user experience, Emotional impact as part of user experience, User experience needs a business case. Extracting Interaction Design Requirements: Needs & Requirements, Formal requirement extraction, Methods for requirement extraction.			
<b>Module-2</b>			
Design Thinking, Ideation, and Sketching: Design Thinking, Design Perspectives, User Personas, Ideation, Sketching. Mental Models and Conceptual Design: Storyboards, Design influencing user behaviour.			
<b>Module-3</b>			
Design Production: Detailed Design, Wireframes. UX Goals, Metrics and Targets: UX Goals, UX Measures, Measurement instruments, UX Metrics.			
<b>Module-4</b>			
Prototyping: Depth & breadth of a prototype, Fidelity of prototypes, Paper prototypes. Connections with Software Engineering: Foundations for success in SE-UX development, The challenge of connecting SE and UX.			
<b>Module-5</b>			
UX Design Guidelines: Using and interpreting design guidelines, Human memory limitations, UX design guidelines & examples, Planning, Translation, Physical action, Outcomes, Assessment, Overall.			

**Course outcome (Course Skill Set)**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

1. Explain the user experience design requirements.
2. Relate design thinking concepts and mental models to UX design.
3. Illustrate UX design in line with design goals, metrics and targets.
4. Demonstrate different prototyping in relation with software engineering.
5. Explain UX design principles with case examples.

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

**Continuous internal Examination (CIE)**

- For the Assignment component (CCE) of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assessment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assessment is project-based then only one assessment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

**Semester End Examinations (SEE)**

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour**. The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

**Suggested Learning Resources:****Books**

1. REX HARTSON and PARDHA S. PYLA, The UX Book-Process and Guidelines for Ensuring a Quality User Experience, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier, 2012.

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- <https://www.freecodecamp.org/news/ui-ux-design-tutorial-from-zero-to-hero-with-wireframe-prototype-figma/>
- <https://www.edureka.co/blog/ui-ux-design-tutorial/>
- <https://www.udemy.com/course/introtoux/>

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

- UI design demonstrations covering different UX design principles/concepts (specified in the syllabus) using UI/UX tools like Lunacy, framer, penpot, visily etc.

<b>BUSINESS COMMUNICATION</b>		Semester	4
Course Code	<b>BCB456D</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	14	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
<b>Course objectives:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understand basic principles of communication.</li> <li>• Explore different ways of oral and written communication.</li> <li>• To gain awareness on best practices of report writing and presentation.</li> </ul>			
<b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b> These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.</li> <li>2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.</li> <li>3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.</li> <li>4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes Critical thinking.</li> <li>5. Adopt Case study Based Learning (CBL), which fosters students' analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.</li> <li>6. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.</li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
Business communication: an introduction, Communication and organization structure.			
<b>Module-2</b>			
Employment communication, Oral communication.			
<b>Module-3</b>			
Written communication, Business letters and Report writing.			
<b>Module-4</b>			
Applying the case study method, Presentation skill.			
<b>Module-5</b>			
Group communication, Appendix I (the case study method – case studies are excluded), Appendix II (Business Etiquette), Appendix III (Do's and Don'ts for Job Interviews).			
<b>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</b> At the end of the course the student will be able to: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Explain basic principles and modes of effective communication.</li> <li>2. Apply the best practices of oral and employment communication in different types of communication.</li> <li>3. Organize various business letters and reports for effective communication/documentation.</li> <li>4. Demonstrate the best practices of presentation in group communication.</li> </ol>			



**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

**Continuous internal Examination (CIE)**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
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- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom’s taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

**Semester End Examinations (SEE)**

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour**. The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

**Books**

1. Vikram Bisen and Priya, Business Communication, NEW AGE INTERNATIONAL (P) LIMITED, ISBN: 978-81-224-2878-0, 2009.
2. Mary Ellen Guffey and Dana Loewy, Essentials of Business Communication (11 E), Cengage, ISBN: 978-1-337-38649-4, 2019.
3. Courtland L. Bovée and John V. Thill, Business Communication Today (14<sup>th</sup> Global Edition), Pearson Education, ISBN: 978-1-292-21534-1, 2018.

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- <https://www.coursera.org/specializations/effective-business-communication>
- <https://freelance-writing.lovetoknow.com/kinds-technical-writing>
- <https://clickhelp.com/clickhelp-technical-writing-blog/11-skills-of-a-good-technical-writer/>

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

- Discussions/Report on the case studies of Book 1 (Appendix-I: CASE STUDY-1 to Case study-17).