## **Constitution Day Celebration**

"A detailed report on the activity conducted on 26-11-2021"

Submitted to



## VISVESWARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY Belagavi

By



KAMMAVARI SANGHAM (R)
K.S. GROUP OF INSTITUITIONS
K. S. SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND MANAGEMENT

#15/1, Mallasandra, Off Kanakapura Road, near Vajarahalli, Bengaluru 560109

## Report on Constitution Day Celebration

As per the instructions given by Visveswaraya Technological University, we at K.S. School of Engineering and Management have celebrated the event "Constitution Day" on 26th November 2021.

The National Constitutional Day is also called National Law Day or Samvidhan Diwas. It is celebrated every year on 26th November. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar played an important role in the formation of our Constitution as he was the chairman of the drafting committee of our Constitution. The Constitution of India is the longest written constitution in the world. In 2015, Prime Minister, Narendra Modi marked November 26 as the Constitution Day in India to celebrate the 125th birthday of Dr. B.R. Ambedkar.

After India became an Independent nation, the Constituent Assembly entrusted the job of drafting the Constitution to a committee chaired by Dr Bhimrao Ambedkar. Dr Rajendra Prasad, the first President of India, was the President of the Constituent Assembly.

In the beginning of 1948, Dr. Ambedkar completed the draft of the Indian Constitution and presented it in the Constituent Assembly. On November 26, 1949, this draft was adopted with very few amendments.

The Indian Constitution came into force on January 26, 1950.

The Preamble of the Constitution declares India as a sovereign, socialist, secular and democratic republic and aims to secure justice, liberty, equality to all citizens and promote fraternity to maintain unity and integrity of the nation.

Here is the complete text:

"WE, THE PEOPLE OF INDIA, having solemnly resolved to constitute India into a

SOVEREIGN SOCIALIST SECULAR DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC and to secure to all its citizens:

JUSTICE, social, economic and political;

LIBERTY of thought, expression, belief, faith and worship;

EQUALITY of status and of opportunity; and to promote among them all

FRATERNITY assuring the dignity of the individual and the unity and integrity of the Nation;

- The Constitution of India has borrowed features from other countries, including Britain, Ireland.
   Japan, USA, South Africa, Germany, Australia, and Canada.
- The Constituent Assembly of India was established in 1946. It met for 166 days spread over 2
  years, 11 months and 18 days.
- 3. The Constitution of India is a hand-written document. It is one of the longest hand-written documents in the world. There are a total of 1,17,369 words in the English version.
- 4. Initially, the word "socialist" was not a part of the Preamble of the Indian Constitution. During the emergency, by the 42nd amendment act of 1976, the word was added. This is the only amendment to the Preamble so far.
- 5. The basic structure of the Indian Constitution stands on the Government of India Act. 1935.
- 6. The original hand-written copies of the Constitution are preserved in helium-filled cases in the Library of Parliament House.
- 7. On November 26, 1949, the Constituent assembly met and with loud and prolonged cheers and thumping of desks greeted the passing of the Constitution.
- 8. "Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Constituent Assembly, in his speech before putting the motion to pass the Constitution, paid tributes to Mahatma Gandhi and said that I shall only hope that all those whose good fortune it may be to work this Constitution in future, will remember that it was a unique victory which we achieved by unique method taught by the Father of the Nation, and it is upto us to preserve and protect the Independence that we have won and to make it really bear fruit for the man in the street," wrote Sailen Chatterjee, journalist and freedom fighter.
- 9. After the Constitution was passed, the historic session of the Constituent Assembly ended with the singing of the National Anthem "Jana-gana-mana adhinayaka Jai Hey, Bharat Bhagya Vidhata," by Purnima Banerjee, a veteran freedom fighter, According to Mr Chatterjee.
- 10. Later, in accordance with the Constitution, the assembly elected Dr Rajendra Prasad as the first President of the Indian Republic at a special session on January 24, 1950.

Figure - 1: Welcome Speech given by Professor Sushma

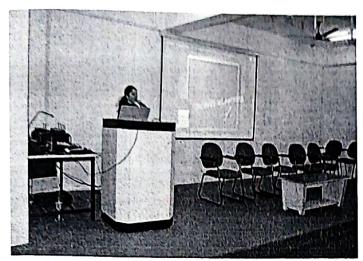




Figure - 1: Welcome Speech

Students and Staff have taken part in the celebration of Constitution Day.

Figure - 2: Professor Anuradha M.V addressing the gathering on the occasion of Constitution Day.

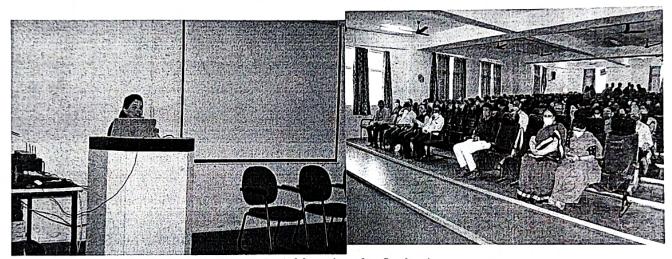


Figure 2: Addressing the Gathering

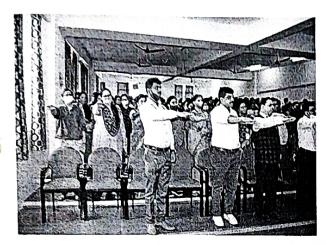
On this occasion, as an important part of the celebration, **Professor Anuradha M V** read the Preamble of the Indian Constitution. The college students, faculty members and non-teaching staff of the college participated in this celebration.

The program is organized at 3.00pm in the auditorium of the college

She highlighted the basic differences of Indian constitution than that of other countries with examples indicating the prerequisites of the constitution such as societal, familial and individual needs. The preamble of Indian Constitution i.e India to be a sovereign, socialist, secular and democratic republic

which is aiming to secure justice, liberty, equality to all citizens and promote fraternity to maintain unity and integrity of the nation were stressed in his speech as these rights are necessity and are not a privilege.

Figure - 3: Taking a pledge to live by the principles laid down in the preamble.



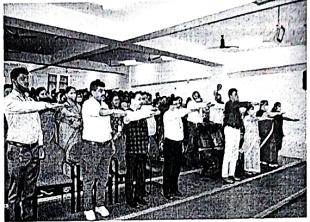


Figure - 3: Taking a pledge

## Summary:

Constitutional day is celebrated to signify the importance the constitution has on countries' growth. It helps in maintaining a law and order across the country. It helps in providing guidelines and reminding Indians of their duties towards themselves and the country. last but not least I pledge to become an Indian who follows our constitution and make my country proud.

**NSS Program Officer** 

MANOHARKUMAR K N

**NSS Program Officer** 

K S School of Engineering and Management Bengaluru - 560 109 Dringin

Principal

Dr. K. RAMA NARASIMHA Principal/Director

K S School of Engineering and Managers
Bengaluru - 560 109